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Hamilton's GARDEN ANNUAL 1940

HAMILTON SEED & COAL COMPANY, 116 FIRST STREET, S.E., CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA





VITA-B

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Win new prestige as an expert gardener. Have flowers, plants, trees, shrubs that are outstanding for their size and beauty. And at no extra work, with the amazing new scientific plant food — VITA-BI. Dissolves instantly in water without stirring, mixing or bother of any sort.

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Available in supply of 200 tablets for only \$1.00.



Distributed by

**** HAMILTON SEED & COAL CO. **** fit out of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

The seed it offers you is good seed. Seed selected conscientiously and carefully by experienced seedsmen. Seed from famous growers in many parts of the world.

You can't get better seed anywhere . . . no matter how far away you send for it.

Yet we are right at your doorstep. Our store is not just a far-distant name—it's a nearby neighbor, a handy shopping place that's within easy reach of your garden.

Here you can get **everything** you need, in seed or garden supplies. Here you can bring in your garden worries, talk them over, and get practical, neighborly help. We know, from experience, the exact needs and conditions of gardening **in this vicinity.** We know local soils and local climate. That's why so many good gardeners find it's wise to do all their garden shopping here.

BUY SEED

FROM SEEDSMEN

When so much depends on the

Seed, why take chances?

Seed, why take chances?

Seed, why take chances?

Seed, why take chances?

Seed, why take chances

Let a practical practical of a specialist's knowledge and

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WE INVITE YOU TO SHOP HERE EARLY AND OFTEN — IN PERSON — OR BY PHONE — OR BY MAIL. You'll find it pays.

ABOUT WARRANTIES

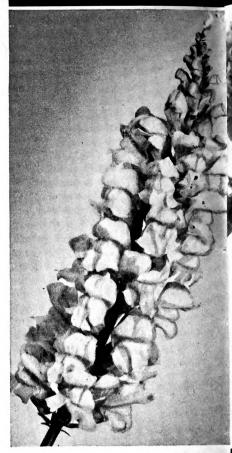
We take great care in the selection of our seed. But because we have no control over the many factors governing the success of the crop, we give no worranty, express or implied, as to description, purity, productiveness or any other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants, and will not be in ony way responsible for the crop.

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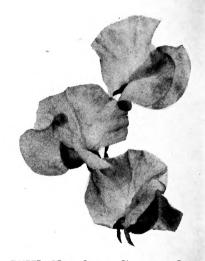
This isn't a "mail-order" catalog. But you may order by mail any of the seeds or supplies it lists. Or you may phone for them

— or shop at the store — whichever you prefer.

OUTSTANDING NEW DEVELOPMENTS



ANTIRRHINUM, Rosalie. One of the finest rust-resistant snapdragons. Packet, 25c.

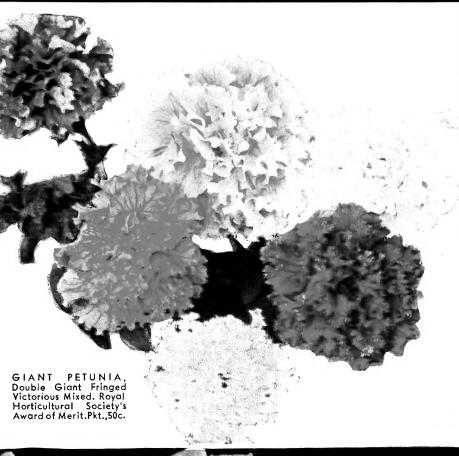


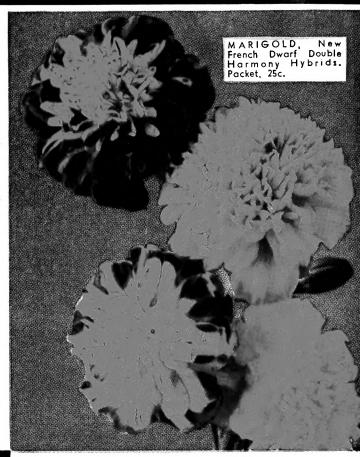
SWEET PEA. Spring Flowering, Rose Pink. Entirely new — resistant to heat. Packet, 25c.



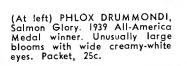
PETUNIA, Salmon Supreme. Distinctly new. Light salmon flowers, white throated. Packet, 15c.

Especially Recommended for gardeners who

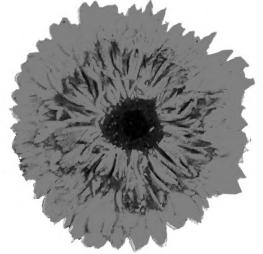








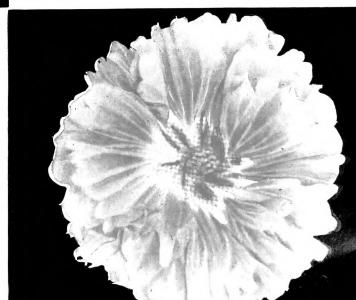
(Above) PANSY, Coronation Gold. A new ruffled and spicy scented variety. 1938 All-America Award of Merit. Packet, 15c.



(Left) CALENDULA, Orange Fantasy, Crested, with unusual orange edging and Mahogany-red center. Packet, 15c.

(Right) HOLLYHOCK, Indian Spring. Exceptionally long blooming Hollyhock. 1939 All-America Medal Winner. Packet, 15c.

Be sure to see the
New All-America
Selections
on the next page





Fardhaak Pepper - 1940 All America selection. A very large, early and prolific variety of rich green color, turning to crimson. It bears upright fruits in clusters of five to seven, with shiny skins and thick meat. Packet, 15c.

laana Hybrid Sweet Carn-1940 All America Medal winner. A 12 to 14 row, light yellow corn somewhat similar to Bantam Evergreen, but more vigorous, resistant to lodging, tolerant to heat and drought. Ears are uniform and cylindrical, about eight inches long. It is a midseason variety, and resistant to wilt. Packet, 15c.

New "stars" for your Vegetable Garden, too

Baby Patata Lima Bean-1940 All America Silver Medal winner. Here at last is a small, thick-seeded butter bean with real Fordhook flavor, early maturity and prolific growth. Pods are exceptionally large, with a beautiful bright green coloring which makes them especially appetizing. grows twelve to sixteen inches tall. Pkt., 15c.

Early Pralific Straightneck Squash—This is a splendid yellow summer squash and some think the best of all. It is earlier, smaller, more productive, brighter yellow than Giant Yellow Straightneck and much more uniform. Packet, ĬOc.

Tetan Pea-A new variety, large, straight, well-filled with blunt-ended pods borne mostly single. Pods are larger and darker green, but vines are similar to Thomas Laxton. Very early, large wrinkled seed, and seems fully wilt-resistant. Pkt., 10c.

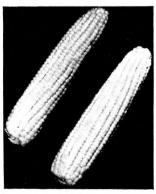
Stakesdale Tamata—An extremely important new development, because it gives the gardener, for the first time, a 7-oz. tomato of streamlined proportions which matures in the second early group (a full week earlier than the Marglobe group). Smooth, brilliant color, exceedingly solid flesh and small seed cavities. Packet, 10c.



Teton Pea



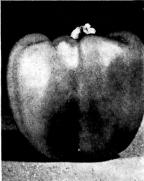
Stokesdale Tomato



Ioana Hybrid Sweet Corn



Early Prolific Straightneck



Fordhook Pepper

Flower Seed Selections

FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE

The copital letters ofter the name of each flower give you the following information:

(o)—Annuoľ (b)—Bienniol

(hp)—Hordy Perenniol (hhp)—Holf-hordy Perenniol

(tp)—Tender Perenniol ●—Suited to Full Shode

◆—Suited to Semi-shade

AGERATUM (a)

Free-flowering, eosily grown annual for bedding, edging or cutting. Blooms from early summer to frost. One of best blues.

Blue Cap—New, dwarf, 6-inch. Good for edging. Wonderfully rich, deep blue. Packet, 15c.

Blue Perfection—Compactgrowth, 9 inches. Dainty purple to dark blue flowers.

Foiry Pink — Soft rosy salmon pink blossoms that come when plant is only 1½ to 2"—continuing until plant reaches its 5-inch moximum height. (See page 6 for color illustration.) Packet, 25c.

ALYSSUM (a) (hp) ◆

Best of tiny garden flowers, blooms throughout season and has delicate fragrance. Perfect for edging or ribbon planting. Grows uniformly in any soil.

Carpet of Snow (o) — Finest edging plant. The mass of flat, rounded flowers form a continuously blooming snow-white ribbon in the border. 4 inches.

Liloc Queen—A dwarf, compact variety of deep lavender-lilac. Very handsome.

Little Gem (a)—Graceful dwarf plant, about 6 inches. Clouds of honey-scented white blooms. Excellent for edging, or massing.

Soxotile (hp)—Compact 9 inch plant, whose deep golden yellow flowers brighten the border in late spring.

AMARANTHUS (a)

Tall, robust, showy colorful foliage plant. Likes hot sunny sites, lean soil, and plenty of room.

Tri-color (Joseph's Coot)—Inner foliage bronze, outer gold and scarlet.

ANCHUSA

Blue Bird (o) — ♦ — Sprays of vivid indigo blue, forget-me-not like flowers. Plants are compact, even, showy. Blooms all summer. A brilliant addition to your garden. I5 inches.

ANTIRRHINUM (a) ♦ Snapdragon

Sow eorly. They germinate slowly. A hardy annual, with a gorgeous range of color. Keep seed pods picked and they bloom all summer. Guineo Gold — Striking flowers, glowing bronzy oronge, with yellow throats. Plants grow dwarf and bushy, 12 to 18 inches high. 1939 All-American. Packet, 25c.

Minioture Snopdragon — All colors. A fine mixture of the smallest snops for edging and pot culture. Packet, 15c.

Moximum Giont — A rust-proof strain with many splendid colors. Grow this strain if you have had difficulty with snapdrogons. All colors. Packet, 15c.

Dworf Mixed-All colors.

Toll-All colors.

Separate Colors — Shasta (White). Rose Pink, Butter Cup (Yellow), Scarlet Defiance, Fiery Crimson.

AQUILEGIA (hp) ◆ Columbine

A delightful perennial easily grown from seed. Sow in flats in early summer, transplant to bed in early fall. Prefers light shade and fairly rich soil. Blooms in spring and early summer in a wide ronge of both brilliant and postel colors. 2 to 4 feet.

Long Spurred — Mrs. Scott Elliott's—Extremely large flowers and spurs and a wide range of pastel colors. All colors.

Double Mixed.

ASTERS (a)

Universally popular, the mainstoy of the garden in late summer. Invaluable for cutting or bedding. Need rich new soil and good sun. Most are now wiltresistant. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

American Bronching — Mixed — large, double flowers.

Enchontress — New wilt-resistant improvement of the Crego type, with long petals curled back and somewhat entwined. Pleasing pink with undertone of rich salmon. All-America, 1938. Packet, 15c.

Giont Comet Illusion—A beautiful flower of its type, with a fine creamy salmon-pink color. Wiltresistant. Packet, 15c.

Giont Comet — Mixed.

Wilt-Resistant Eorly Giant — (China) Light Blue — Enormous, lacy, clear light blue; a glorified Giant Crego. 3-foot branching plants produce an abundance of 5-inch flowers with curled and interlaced petals. All-America Medal for 1939. Packet, 25c.

Improved New Colifornio Gionts
— Mixed and in a variety of
colors. Robust growth, long stems.
Packet, 15c.

Queen of the Market — The early favorite. Spreading. 16 inches high. Flowers in July. Mixed colors.

Separate Colors—Crimson, Deep Blue, Heart of France, Lavender, Rose Pink, Purple, White.

Sunshine—All colors. Packet, 15c.

Super Giont El Monte — Curling, interlaced petals make feathery effect. Wilt-resistant. Glowing crimson. All-America, 1936. Packet, 15c.

BABY'S BREATH—See Gypsophila.

or CENTAUREA (a)

Cornflower

Hardy, thistle-like flowers, fine for cutting and border planting. Bloom from early summer until hard frost. Pinch back to encourage branching.

Jubilee Gem — Dwarf, compact growth, double, with dark blue blossoms. 12 inches. Fine cut flower. (See page 14 for color illustration.)

Blue—Universal favorite.

Mixed—Blue, white, maroon, pink, red.

Aster, Early Giant Light Blue

BALLOON VINE (a) Love-In-A-Puff

Quick-growing, hardy, onnual climber. The delicate foliage is an ideal cover for fences. Seedpods resemble balloons. Grows 10 to 15 feet.

BALSAM (a) ◆ Lady Slipper

A favorite old time annual. Hardy, bushy plants 18 inches high. Wants partial shade and plenty of moisture. Flowers on short stems, sometimes two inches across. Blooms for sixty days. Sow late, keep watered.

Double Mixed—A pleasing color range.

Bush Flowered—A free-flowering annual which should be in more gardens. Bushy plants covered with blooms — wide color range.

Aster, Crego Enchantress



Antirrhinum, Guinea Gold

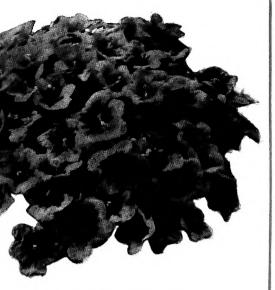
Amaranthus Caudatus

ALL
FLOWER
SEEDS
10c

Except where otherwise noted



Calendula Orange Fantasy



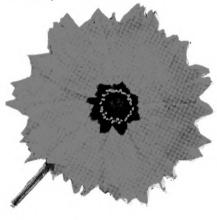
NIEREMBERGIA HIPPOMANICA (Dwarf Cup Flower), An abundance of showy little flowers, Easy to grow. Packet, 25c



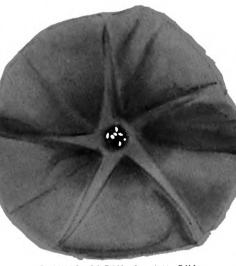
AGERATUM, Fairy Pink (Floss Flower), Blooms from early summer to frost, Ideal for borders or beds.



COSMOS, Sensation Mixed. Mammoth flowers up to 5 inches across. Packet, 10c.



CALLIOPSIS, Golden Crown, 1938 All-America Award of Merit, Packet, 15c.



MORNING GLORY, Scarlett O'Hara 4-inch blossoms, 1939 All-America Medal Packet, 15c



SCABIOSA, Rosette
Very large flowers and glowing color.
Long stiff stems, fine for cutting.
Packet, 15c



SCABIOSA, Blue Moon Extra long stems and sweet fragrance. Unusual shade, Retains color indoors. Packet, 25c



(Left) COSMOS, Sensation Pinkie. Delightful new strain of Sensation. One of today's very finest cut flowers. Packet, 15c.

(Right) TITHONIA SPECIOSA, Huge flowers on bushy, woody stems. Brightest possible flower for the fall garden, Packet, 10c.

BEAN (a) Scarlet Runner

An edible scarlet and purple bean. Quick growing, bearing large sprays of scarlet calared pea-like flawers.

BELLIS PERENNIS (b) ◆ English Daisy

Delightful little button-like flowers, loved for their bright color, long season, and profuse bloom. Stiff stems. Dwarf. 6 to 8 inches. Mixed—In many colors.

BLANKET FLOWER—See Goillardio.

BLUE LACE FLOWER (a) Didiscus

Exquisitely dainty clusters of lavender-blue flowers that look like tiny parosols. Fine for cutting, and bedding.

BRACHYCOMBE (a)

Swan River Daisy'
Most of the summer this dwarfgrowing annual is covered with a
mass of dointy blaoms that resemble smoll cinerarias. For small
beds, edgings or pot culture.
Plants 12 inches tall.

BURNING BUSH or FIRE BUSH
—See Kochia.

CALENDULA (a) Pot Marigold

Hardy annuol, with rich green foliage. Grows anywhere. Stands drought and heat. Plant breeders have vastly improved this old-fashioned favorite. Flowers fram early summer to frost.

Campfire Impraved — Huge 4 inch, double flowers of deep oronge. Heavy stems. Fine for cutting. (See page 14 for colar illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Orange Fantasy — Distinctive, new, rather dwarf and heavily foliaged. Flowers are a delightful arange with a seal-brown crest af petals. 1938 All-America. (See Pg. 3 for illustration.) Pkt., 15c.

Orange King—Extra fine, dark color. Large bloom.

Orange Shaggy — Here is a new type with fringed and laciniated arange blooms of brilliant coloring. (See page 14 far color illustration.)

Sunshine or Chrysantha — Fine, loose petals of an unforgettable buttercup yellow. The plants are tall, imposing, and bloom freely. All-America 1934.

Mixed—A profusion of arange and yellow shades.

CALIFORNIA POPPY — See Eschscholzia.

CALLIOPSIS (a) Tickseed

A gay annual in bright varied combinations of yellaws, orange, browns, and maroons. Long wiry stems for cutting. Eosy to graw; bloom all summer. 2 feet.

Galden Crown — Enlorged type of oronge-yellow or gold Calliapsis, All-America 1938. Some of these large flowers came with extra rows of petals, and all on long, wiry stems, fine for cutting. (See page 6 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Mixed—A great variety of color combinations.

CAMPANULA (a) Canterbury Bells

A brilliant old time fovorite with colors ranging through whites, pinks, blues and lilac. Adoptable, but enjays good soil, too. Sow seed early indoors.

Cup-and-saucer Types—All colors.
Single—All colors.

Single and Dauble Mixed—Annual Canterbury Bells which bloom from seed the first yeor—fine for lote summer border. All colors.

Annual-All colors. Packet, 15c.

CANARY BIRD VINE (a) ◆

The flowers somewhot resemble a bird with half opened wings and are o fine conary yellow. Grows ropidly. Climbs well. A fine cut flower. Grows in shade.

CANDYTUFT (a)

Excellent in large mosses or for borders. Grows quickly. Successive plantings should be made about every two weeks to assure continuous bloom. 12 inches.

White Hyacinth—Large spikes of bloom. For border, bedding or cutting.

Umbellata, Mixed—A splendid calor ronge.

CANTERBURY BELLS — See Campanulo.

CARDINAL CLIMBER (a)

Rapid climber — sometimes to thirty feet—with fern-like foliage and a blaze of cordinal red tubulor flawers. Needs full sun and rich soil.



Ornamental Gourds

ALL
FLOWER
SEEDS
10c

Except where otherwise noted

CARNATION (a)

Spicy scented. With care and fovorable conditions greenhause quality flowers may be produced in the open garden.

Chaubaud's Giant—Double, extra large, clove-scented flowers. Bloom five months after seeding. All colors.

Giant Marguerite — Highly scented, large, beoutifully fringed flowers, sometimes 3 inches across. White, crimson, pink and several striped forms. All colors.

CASTOR BEAN (a) Ricinus

The broad tropical leoves and brilliant colored fruit make a splendid, interesting background. Grows 6 to 15 feet. Needs good soil, ample sun and moisture.

CELOSIA (a) Cockscomb

These graceful blossoms make a striking disploy and give brilliant, lang losting blaoms for cutting. The variety of types is alwoys interesting.

Rayal Velvet—This 2 foot plant produces a lorge center head and numerous large, long stemmed

Annual Chrysanthemum Balsam (Ladyslipper) Candytuft cackscombs of richest carmine or crimson. 1939 All-America.

Childsii Type — (Chinese Woolflower.) Mixed.

Pyramidialis, Flame af Fire—Fine dwarf type, fiery red. 18 to 20 inches.

Fiery Feather—An early-flowering variety with bushy 18 inch plants and fiery red color.

Golden Feather — Much like above but with brilliant golden yellow plumes.

CENTAUREA — See Bachelor's Button.

CHRYSANTHEMUM (a)

Fovorite for fall bloom. Pleasing color range. 2 to 4 feet. Single and Dauble, mixed.

CLARKIA (a) ◆

Graceful, erect, bushy plants, bearing mony rosette-like delicately colored flowers, set along the stems. Good cut flower.

COLEUS (a) ◆

An excellent foliage plont that does well indoors, and can be transplanted outdoors when warm weather comes. Unexcelled for barders and window boxes. Variegoted leaves in shades of green, red, and yellow. Packet, 15c.

COCKSCOMB—See Celosia.
COLUMBINE—See Aquilegia.
CLOYER STRAWFLOWER—See
Globe Amoronth.

COREOPSIS (a) (hp)

These groceful, daisy-like flowers with their brood fluted petals are a "must" for every garden. Long stemmed, wonderful for cutting. Glossy, rich yellow. Long blooming seoson.

Mayfield Giant—(Improved form of Lanceolato Grandiflora.) One of tallest and most vigorous of its type. Long, firm stems, large blooms.

Sunburst, Double—Packet, 15c. CORNFLOWER—See Bachelor's Button.

COSMOS (a)

Feathery folioge and wealth of bloom through late summer and autumn. Wanderful for cutting, and arranging.

Orange Flare—This outstanding All-America winner is early flawering and graws into a fine bushy plant four feet high. The stems are long and wiry. The petals ore rich, deep orange, sometimes 2½ inches across. (See page 14 far color illustr.)

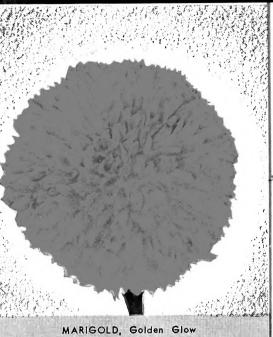
Sensation Mixed—1933 All-America. Largest, and earliest of the mammath flawering varieties. 4 feet tall, bearing flowers up to 5 inches across. (See frant cover and page 6 far illustrotian.)

Sensation Pinkie — Bright rosepink flawers. Early, vigaraus plants. (See page 6 far color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Early Giant Singles, Mixed—5 to 6 feet.

Double Mixed — Bushy plants, long stems. (See page 14 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

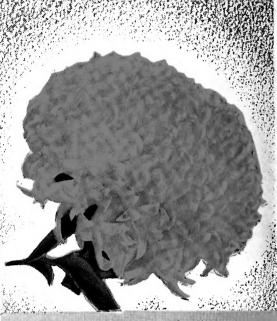
Marigold novelties and specialties



New, odorless. Clusters of 5 to 10 large flowers on long branches. Fine for cutting. Packet, 25c



One of the gayest of the new flowers. Medium size blossoms, very long stems. Packet, 25c



MARIGOLD, Early Sunshine New strain of well-known Dixie Sunshine. Very early flowering. Blooms in 15 weeks. Packet, 15c



MARIGOLD, French Dwarf Harmony Double. Charming, distinct. Early free blooming, Packet, 10c.

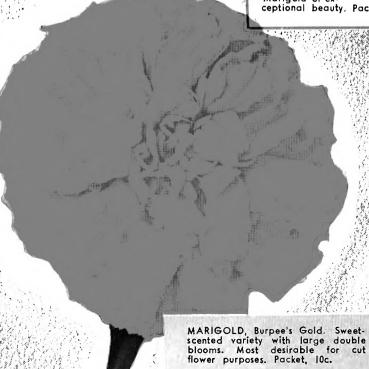
A CONTROL OF THE STATE OF THE S



An oll double Marigold of ex-ceptional beauty, Packet, 15c.

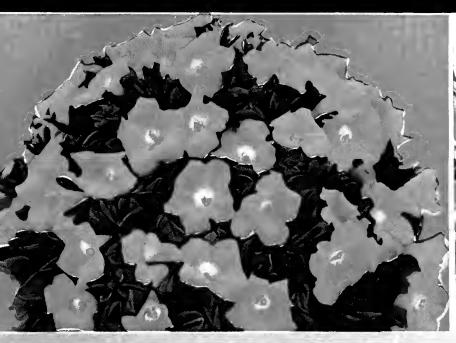


1937 All-Americo Gold Medol winner.



MARIGOLD, Gigantea Sunset Giants, Largest of the Marigolds, blooms 5 inches and over. Quilled and in-curved petols. Packet, 15c.

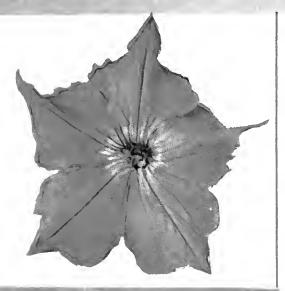
NEWEST AND BEST OF THE Petunious

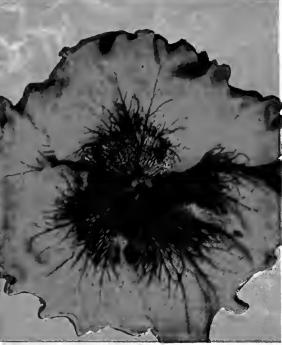


PETUNIA, Rose Gem. A new color note in the minioture petunio group—rich, deep rose-pink. Plants five to six inches high, smothered with blooms. Pocket, 15c.



PETUNIA, Glow. Dazzling cormine. Borne in great profusion on dwarf bushy plants. Under the sun, the glowing carmine red is particularly fascinating. Pocket, 50c.





PETUNIA, Giants of California. Blooms frequently os much os 7 inches in diameter. Ruffled. Packet, 20c.

(Left) PETUNIA, Hollywood Star. Perfect pink stars with yellow throats. Packet, 15c.

(Right) PETUNIA, Flaming Velvet. Large velvety flowers. One of the richest colored Petunias. Packet, 15c.

Handy Flower Facts

	Height (Inches)	Between	nate
Ageratum Alyssum, Sweet Aster	3- 9 12-30	6 4 9 6-10	14 10-20 8-12 14
Calliopsis	12-50 12-24	6-8 8-12 6-12 12-18	14 14 15 11-18
Coreopsis	36-60 36-60	6-12 8-12 18-36 12-24	21 14 10 15-21
Forget-Me-Not Four O'Clock Gaillardia Gypsophila	18-24 12-18	4-6 8-12 6 6-10	14 15-20 10-14
Hollyhock Linum (Flax) Lupine Marigold	. 10-15 . 30-48	4-8 12-18	21 20-25 10 8
Mignonette	. 6-60 . 6-12	6-12 4-8	14 14 30 10
Phlox	. 10-18 . 12-36	4-6 12-18	10-14 10 14 10-14
Sweet William Verbena Zinnia	. 12-18	6-10	6-10 14 5-10





PETUNIA, Dainty Lady. Large, fringed variety of compact, neat growth. Aptly nomed. Packet, 20c.

CUPHEA (a)

Firefly—Every modern gardener will delight in the discovery of this dwarf, compact, showy plant. Small, delicately formed fiery red flowers, for border, edging, pots or window boxes. Packet, 25c.

CYNOGLOSSUM (a) ◆

Firmament (Chinese Forget-Me-Not)—A new dwarf type, with bushy plants and rich blue color. 1939 All-America. Packet, 15c.

DAHLIA (a)

Usually grown from roots, but interesting to raise from seed. Bedding types are indispensable. Wide color range. Seed indoors. Set out after frost date.

Single Mixed.

Double Mixed—Packet, 15c.

DELPHINIUM (hp) ◆ Perennial Larkspur

Long floral spikes, in glorious shades of blue, white and pink. Excellent for backgrounds. Gorgeous cut flowers. Should be

Bellodonna (Light Blue) - Delightful silvery-blue. Blooms profusely. Packet, 15c.

Bellomosum (Dark Blue)-Rich. intense, deep blue. Packet, 15c.

Wrexhom Hybrids - Hollyhockflowered strain. Packet, 25c.

Shodes of Blue.

DIANTHUS (a)

Spicy, fragrant and showy. At home in beds or borders. Faithful bloomer. Fine for cutting. Brilliant colors.

Heddewigi Double Mixed—Fine variety of forms.

Heddewigi Single Mixed-Wide and varied color display.

Heddewigi Double ond Single Mixed—The large Japanese pink. Sweet Wivelsfield—Fragrant with large 2 inch blooms. Bright crim-

DIDISCUS — See Blue Loce Flower.

DIGITALIS—See Foxglove.

ENGLISH DAISY - See Bellis Perennis.

ESCHSCHOLZIA (a) ♦ California Poppy

For richness of color and pleasing simplicity of form these flowers have a few equals. Reds, gold, orange, scarlet, chestnut, pink, and a full range of poppy colors. Sow seed where they are

EUPHORBIA - See Snow-onthe-Mountain.

FORGET-ME-NOT

(a) (hp) ◆ Myosotis

Well-known favorite, adapted to either beds or borders. Start early for flowers first season. One of best early spring flowers. Blue.

FOUR O'CLOCK (a)

Red, yellow, rose, white and lilac

blossoms that spread over the glossy foliage in mid-afternoon. Mixed.

FOXGLOVE (b) ◆ Digitalis

These tall spires bring the charm of an old fashioned garden, giving a wealth of brilliantly colored flowers with little attention. All colors.

GAILLARDIA (a) Blanket Flower

Gay, showy blossoms in tones of orange, yellow, red and maroon brighten the garden all summer. About 18 inches. Profuse bloomer. Single and Double Mixed.

Perenniol Monorch Mixed—(See page 14 for color illustration.) Indion Chief — Large, single bronze-red flowers of fine qual-

GEUM (hp)

Flowers like tiny double roses, on long stems, poised over a tufted plant. Prized for cutting. 2 feet.

Mrs. Bradshow, Scarlet—Large, double, orange-scarlet.

GLOBE AMARANTH (a) Gomphrena Everlasting

(Clover Straw-flower.) A true bachelor's button that may be dried for winter bouquets. Thrives well in pots and in the border.

GODETIA (a) ◆ Satin Flower

Rich, satiny, azalea-like flowers, especially suited to partial shade. Will thrive in rather poor soil. Fine range of colors. inches.

Single Mixed — Profuse and showy.

GOURDS (a)

Valuable for their fine foliage, these climbers provide an interesting variety of attractive, singularly shaped fruits and can always be counted on for pleasant surprises. Ornomental Varieties—Mixed.

GYPSOPHILA (a) Baby's Breath

The misty bloom is excellent for cutting and adds interest to a bouquet. It is easy to grow and a generous bloomer.

Rose—Pleasant blush pink. White—A pure strain.

HELIANTHUS-See Sunflower. **HELICHRYSUM** — See Strawflower.

HELIOTROPE (a)

Cherry Pie Clusters of dark blue to deep violet flowers against dull green foliage. Rapid grower. Start early for fine flowering plants all summer. Delightful fragrance.

HOLLYHOCK (hp) ◆

Effects not obtainable with other plants are possible with these fine tall, showy plants. Rich. full spikes, ideal for backgrounds. 5 to 7 feet high. Blooms from mid-summer to frost.



Kochia or Burning Bush



HOLLYHOCK

Indion Spring—(a)—A new type that is attracting much attention. Semi-double and double fringed flowers in shades of pink, bloom on 4 to 5 foot plants within 5 months after planting seeds. 1939 All-America. Packet, 15c.

Double Mixed—Full, close bloom. Single Mixed—Choice color ossortment.

IPOMOEA-See Morning Glory.

KOCHIA (a)

Burning Bush or Fire Bush

A close, compact, bright green pyramidal bush with moss-like foliage that turns to brilliont red in the fall. About 21/2 feet. excellent hedge plant.

LADY SLIPPER-See Bolsom.

LARKSPUR (a)

One of the best annuals, now much improved in form. A lovely background. Clustered flowers on tall spikes, feathery foliage. Keep faded blossoms cut.

Blue Spire-Most desirable blue. Dork Blue.

Exquisite Pink.

Stock Flowered, Mixed - Double varieties in full range of colors. White Spire-Fine for cutting.

Giont Imperiol Pink Perfection-2-inch florets of rounded broad petals, evenly and closely spaced on the stem, give a very heavy Hollyhock-like cutting spike 24 inches or more in length. A magnificent addition to the home garden. Early flowering. Packet, 25c. (See front cover.)

LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS - See Perennial Sweet Pea.

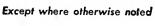
LINUM (a) ◆ Scarlet Flax

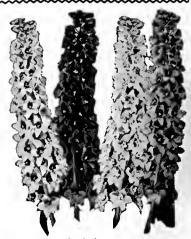
Brilliantly colored flowers. The life of the individual flower is short, but blooming season can be prolonged by successive sowings.

LOBELIA

Crystol Poloce (a) ♦ - Small round compact plants, which form attractive little mounds of bloom, with rich, deep blue flowers and dark foliage. 4 inches. Very dwarf, long bloomer.

ALL FLOWER SEEDS 10 c PER PACKET





Delphinium

AN ALL-STAR CAST OF Zimmious



ZINNIA, Fantasy Mixed. An unusual mixture af fine quilled Fantasy strains. Packet, 10c.

(Below) ZINNIA, Fantasy Star Dust. Clear, golden edition of new Fantasy type. 1937 All-America Selection. Very early. Packet, 15c.



ZINNIA, Linearis An enchanting and interesting Zinnia of dwarf habits. Hundreds af flowers at a time. Packet, 10c

ZINNIA, Lilliput Pastel Mixed A very pretty, small-flowered Zinnia. Lovely, soft shades. Good for cutting. Packet, 10c



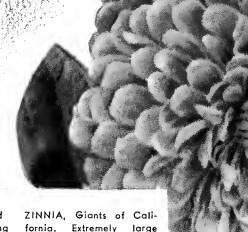
ZINNIA, Fantasy Wildfire. A distinctly new calar note in Zinnias—a rich dazzling scarlet. Packet, 25c.

(Belaw) ZINNIA, Scabious Flowered Mixed. Medium-sized flawers, with a remarkable resemblance ta Scabiasa. Packet, 15c.





ZINNIA, Crown of Gold Large, double blaams, long



fornia. Extremely large blossoms. Packet, 10c.

LOVE-IN-A-MIST (a) Nigella

A pleasant mixture of clear carnflawer-blue and white. Easily grawn, campact, free flowering plant, admired for its mistlike faliage and curiously shaped seed pads. Mixed.

LUPINE (a) ◆

Easily grawn, hardy plant with lang graceful spikes of richly colored flowers. Equally valuable far bedding, barders, or far cutting. 2 feet.

Russell Lupines—Lance-like rays of brilliant colors. A new development of Lupines fram England. Packet, 15c.

King Lupines — Heavily flawered with large blaams, in dark blue, sky blue, rase and white. Mixed.

MARIGOLD (a)

When mast ather plants have passed their prime, this bright calared annual is still blooming profusely. The Marigald has been impraved mare than any other flawer family in the past few years. Blaams early and late.

Burpee's Gald — Sweet-scented, glowing galden Marigalds. The dauble blaams are extremely large, and resemble glarious, deep arange Carnatians. Campletely odarless. (See colar illustration an page 8).

Crawn of Gald — Odorless — Chrysanthemum - flawered. All-America 1937. Shart, quilled center petals, collared with flat, deep orange guard petals. Plant is branching, 2½ ta 3 feet tall, flawers in mid-seasan. (See page 8 far calar illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Dwarf Rayal Scot—Rich mahagany red flawers with gald stripes. Plants are uniformly dwarf, bushy, and praduce continuous, rather early bloam. (See Page 8 far colar illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Early Sunshine—Dwarf and very early flowering variety of Dixie Sunshine. Bushy, 24-inch plants, with yellawish-green foliage. Blossams are 2 to 2½ inches in diameter, with uncurved petals of lemon or sulphur yellow. All-America 1939. (See page 8 for calor illustration.) Packet, 15c.

French — Long blooming, tall plants. Double, with an excellent color variety, including the interesting striped variations.

Harmany Type French Dwarf Double Hybrid — Completely new! All the fine features of Harmony but with a widely varied color range (as pictured on Page 3). Crested centers with several rows of broad guard petals. Undoubtedly destined to supersede other dwarf French types. Pocket, 25c.

Harmany Type French Dwarf—Charming, distinct. Center petals deep arange, flanked by velvety dark maraon-brown guard petals. Early, free blaaming. Ift. plants. (See page 8 far color illustration.)

Harmany Type French Tall Single Ferdinand — Saucy, sprightly, and calarful. Single flowered, with a neat raund, crested center, galden yellaw, surraunded by a single raw of braad, mahagany-red guard petals. Early blaaming. Daes nat have the strang Marigold odar. (See page 8 far calar illustration.) Packet, 25c.

Gigantea Sunset Giants — Delightfully fragrant, without the usual Marigold adar. Dauble, beautifully farmed flawers frequently 7½ inches acrass. Range fram primrose through several fine yellaws to deep arange. (See frant cover and page 8 for calar illustrations.) Packet, 15c.

Guinea Gald—Magnificent, tall brilliantly golden flawer, with carnation-like petals. Plants bear an abundance of well raunded, double and semi-dauble bloams.

Galden Glow — New, adarless. Flawers grow 2½ inches across, in clusters af fram 5 ta 10. Blaam in 17 weeks from seed. (See calor illustration on page 8.) Packet, 25c.

ALL FLOWER SEEDS 10c

Except where otherwise noted



Salpiglossis (Painted Tongue)

ing seasan. Best of all varieties. (See page 14 far color illustratian.)

Scarlett O'Haro — 1939 All-America that pramises to reign as a favarite this seasan, and for many ta come. Rich, winered, ar deep rosy crimsan—an entirely new calar. Blassoms are about 4 inches in diameter, and are freely produced an fast grawing vines. (See page 6 far calor illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Imperial Japanese — A race of sun-loving flawers which have a wide calar range through blues, reds and purples. All calars.

MOSS ROSE—See Partulaca.

Golden Globe (Dwarf Dauble)
—Has calar like Galden Gleam.
Bushy plants af free-flawering
habit. Gaad for beds, barders or
pat culture.

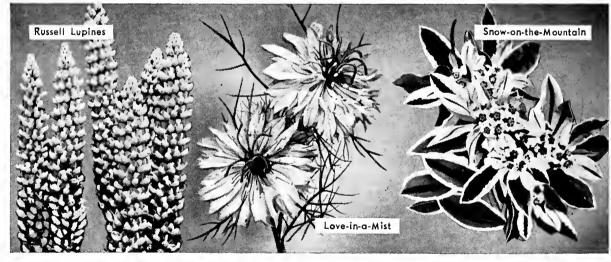
Gem (Dwarf Double)—An ideal flower for edging or windaw baxes. Balanced range of bright calors.

Scarlet Gleam — Fiery, brilliant red.

Tall, (Trailing) Mixed—Wonderful far covering fence or trellis, ar ta droap from windaw boxes.

NIEREMBERGIA HIPPOMANICA (a) Dwarf Cup Flower

Produces an abundance of



Yellow Supreme — New, sweet scented. Rich, pure yellow blooms measure nearly three inches. Keeps a week to 10 days when cut.

MIGNONETTE (a)

(Sweet Scented) — Once again this old, old, favorite returns to popularity. It is especially desirable far its richness and fragrance. Long blooming, ideal for cutting.

MORNING GLORY (a)

Rapid, annual climbers, with dense foliage. Wide range of colars.

Heovenly Blue—Quick-growing, vigaraus climber with extremely large blue flowers. Long bloom-

MOURNING BRIDE—See Scabiosa.

MYOSOTIS — See Forget-Me-

NASTURTIUM (a) ♦

This hardy, easily grown annual thrives in soil other plants would scorn. Vivid color, on firm stems. Fine for cutting and mass planting.

Double Glorious Gleam Hybrids
— Beautifully farmed, sweet
scented blossoms, with splendid
lang stems. Of compact habit
with short runners. Wide variety
of colors.

Dworf Mixed — Campact, gemlike plants in many colors.

Golden Gleam—Fragrant, double, gleaming gold blossoms.

showy, small, cup-shaped blooms of clear lavender-blue color. Easy ta grow. (See page 6 for color illustration.) Packet, 25c.

NICOTIANA (a) ◆

The fragrant, long tubed, petunia-like blossoms pour full, rich, spreading fragrance over the garden every morning and evening.

NIGELLA—See Love-In-A-Mist.

PAINTED TONGUE—See Salpiglossis.

PANSY (a) ♦

Garden favorite for centuries. Start seed early indoors and transplant after danger of frost. Plant outdoors early for late blooming. Pansy (Cont'd)

Coronotion Gold — A large, lightly ruffled and scented variety of canary flushed orange. 1939 All-America. (See page 3 for color illustration.) Pkt., 15c.

Giants Mixed—Collection of the richest colors and markings known in Pansies. Packet, 20c.

Swiss Giants—Outstanding and unusual. Long stems, especially suited for cutting. (See page 14 for illustration.) Packet, 50c.

All Calors, Mixed and in Variaus Individual Colors.

PERENNIAL LARKSPUR — See Delphinium.

PERIWINKLE—See Vinca.

PETUNIA (a)

These prolific annuals lend themselves to mony uses. Massed in beds, they make a sea of color. For window boxes or borders, they are unequalled. Profuse bloom is continued all summer and the first frost still finds them holding their own. Stort indoors for early blooms.

Bolcany Petunia—Produce longer, more spreading plants than the bushy sorts. Good for window boxes, or where an overhanging effect is desired.

Balcany Red, Purple, White, Rase, Mixed.

Burgundy—Large purple or carmine flowers, with white throats and violet tube. Packet, 15c.

Dainty Lady — Lovely, large-fringed petunias. Delicate yellow blooms, tinged gold ond deeper cream, on compact, neat plants. (See page 9 for color illustration.) Pocket, 20c.

All Double Giant Fringed Mixed
—Very large and extremely double—very showy in the garden.
(See page 3 for color illustration.) Packet, 50c.

Floming Velvet—Blood-red flowers of rich and brilliant hue. One of best of recent novelties. (See page 9 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Giants of California — Lorgest single flowering Petunia. Ruffled 5 to 7 inch open-throated flowers in beautiful light rose and pink shades. Strong, free producing plants. (See page 9 for color illustration.) Packet, 20c.

Giants of California Supreme Florist Strain—Blooms are unbelievably large, 5 to 7 inches, with shallow open throats surrounded by satiny petals very heavily ruffled. Flowers are in shodes of pink, rose and salmon rose, all with light, richly veined throats. Comparatively early. (See front cover for color illustration.) Packet, 25c.

Glaw—Dazzling new carmine red color with dwarf bushy growth. Flowers measuring more than 21/8 inches across are borne in great profusion on the dwarf plants. Under the sun, the glowing carmine red is particularly fascinating. (See page 9 for color illustration.) Packet, 50c.

Hollywaad Star—Its five-pointed, star-shaped flowers of rose pink and creomy yellow throats are most unusual. Plants are bushy and erect—fast growing. (See page 9 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Ladybird — This new, compact, dwarf Petunia is of the deepest rose, with foint veins of a dorker color towards the throat—and is a distinct addition to this type of Petunias. 1939 All-America Selection. Packet, 25c.

Martha Washingtan Dwarf — 9 inch plant forms a perfect ball almost entirely covered with lovely large, frilled flowers. Blush-pink edges with strong wine-red veins, dark violet throat. Packet, 25c.

Rose Gem—Bright rose. Neat, compact 6-inch plants. (See page 9 for color illustration.) Packet, 20c.

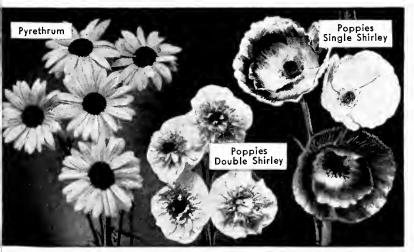
Rose of Heaven—Velvety violet.

Salman Supreme — Dwarf bedding Petunia, distinctly new, with light salmon flowers, white throated. Plants are bushy, 12 inches high, and bloom profusely over a long season. 1938 All-Americo. Pocket, 15c.

Single Bedding, Mixed—Collection of all the desirable colors.

PHLOX (a) ♦

For a brilliant variety of colorings, plont Phlox. The sturdy plants thrive in almost any kind of soil, and flower freely during the entire summer.



Drummondi, Mixed — Large, individual blossoms and heads a mixture of all the brilliant colors, and whites.

Drummondi—in individual shades.

Dwarf Mixed — Compact, symmetrical plants for bedding, edging, or borders. 6 to 8 inches. All the gay and soft colors.

Salmon Glory—A worthy novelty. 1939 All-America Selection. This huge flowered variety has soft, rich salmon-pink florets, with wide, creomy-white eyes. About 10 inches high, runs quite true, and is a prolific bloomer. For bedding, cutting, or boxes. (See page 3 for color illustration. Packet, 25c.

Gigantea Art Shades — Very lorge flowers, in many lovely postel shades, that are entirely new among Phlox. Packet, 15c.

POPPIES (a) (hp)

For a showy, brilliant effect, Poppies are unsurpassed. Very hardy, will sgrow freely in almost any gorden soil. Equally good in clumps or beds.

Colifarnia—See Eschscholzio.

Double Mixed (a)—Large, double flowers in mony beautiful postel colors.

Emperar — Giant flowered Iceland Poppy, extremely large flowered, brilliant orange. Packet, 20c.

Iceland Mixed (hp)—Graceful, with neot habits. Bright green, delicate, fern-like foliage. Abundant bloom of brilliant flowers, fine for cutting. Blooms first

Oriental Scarlet (hp) ♦ — Few flowers make such a gorgeous show of riotous colors. The huge, red blossoms often are six inches

Single Mixed (a)—Splendid mixture of many colors and free blooming single flowers.

Shirley Mixed (a) — Artistically ruffled edges, large blooms. A delightful assortment of colors with scarcely any two flowers alike.

PORTULACA (a) Moss Rose

These showy annuals thrive in a sunny location and in light soil. Unforgettable display of colors. Fine for mass plantings, edgings. Single and Dauble Mixed.

POT MARIGOLD — See Calendaria

PYRETHRUM (hp) ◆

A showy, hardy perenniol that has its place in every wellplanned gorden. Plants bloom abundantly. A fine color range. Mixed.

RICINUS—See Castor Bean.

SALPIGLOSSIS (a) Painted Tongue

Large, lily-like flowers, velvettextured, in many bright and gaudy colors. 2½ to 3 foot plants, blooming from June until frost. Likes a sunny location. Mixed.

SALVIA (a)

An indispensable plant for bringing rich, brilliant color into the garden. Used for bedding, borders, or individual specimens.

Bonfire — Brilliant red flower spikes on round, symmetrical plonts. Rother dwarf.

SATIN FLOWER—See Godetia.

SCABIOSA (a) Mourning Bride

Dense heads of exquisitely colored, irregular flowers. Fine long stems. An invaluable flower for cutting—keeps olmost a week.

Imperial Giants, Blue Moan—Strikingly different from any other Scabiosa. The completely double flowers are large and deep, resembling an old fashioned bee-hive in shape. Rich, deep lavender blue—a most unusual shade. Upright, tall plants, 42 to 48 inches high. Strong, wiry stems, ideal for cutting. Retains color indoors. 1939 All-America. (See front cover and page 6 for color illustrations.) Packet, 25c.

Rasette—Very large flowers of deep rose suffused with salmon. Long stiff stems. (See page 6 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Mixed.



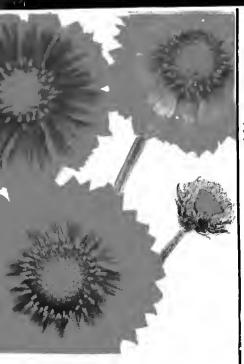
Strawflowers (Everlasting)

ALL FLOWER SEEDS 10c

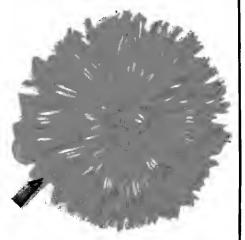
Except where otherwise noted.

PER PACKET

Garden Favorites of



GAILLARDIA, Manorch Mixed. Long, stiff stems. Excellent for cutting. Pocket, 10c.



CALENDULA, Oronge Shoggy, Deeply fringed and laciniated blooms, Pkt., 10c.



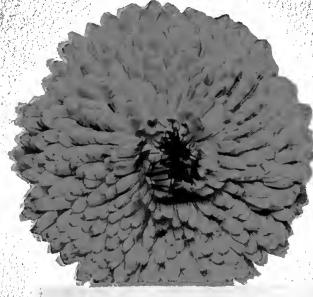
CORNFLOWER, Jubilee Gem. Dworf voriety of compoct growth and double flowers. Pocket, IOc.



PANSY, Swiss Gionts. Round flowers or enormous size. Bloom in early spring. Long stems, especially suited for cutting. Pocket, SOc.

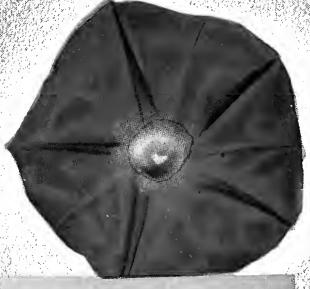


COSMOS, Double Crested. Blossoms sometimes $2^{1}/_{2}$ inches ocross. Pocket, I5c.



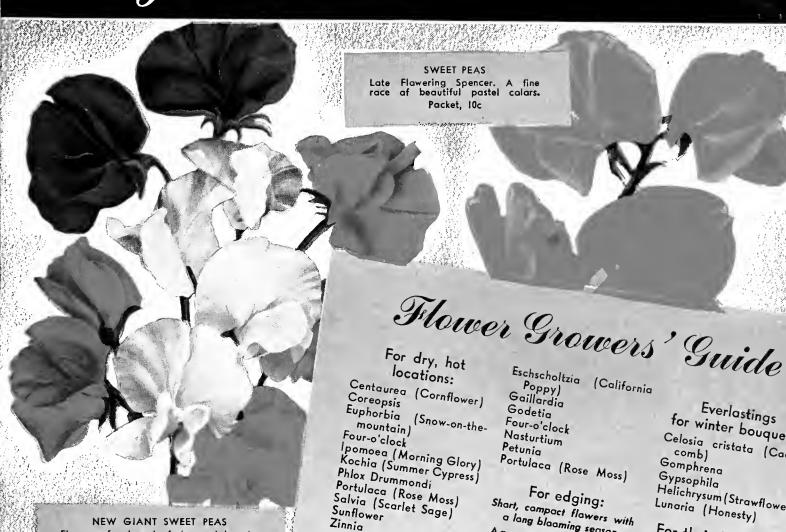
CALENDULA, Campfire Improved. Huge 4inch double flowers. Heovy stems. Fine for cutting. Packet, 15c.

THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPE



MORNING GLORY, Heovenly Blue. Luxuriant fost grawth. Probably the best af oil climbers. Pocket, 10c.

Today-and Tomorrow



NEW GIANT SWEET PEAS Flawers of unheard of size and beouty. In a wide variety of shades. Packet, 10c



SWEET PEAS Early Flawering Spencer, Large flawers a manth earlier than ald Spencers. Packet, 10c

For a succession of bloom:

(Several repeated sawings) Sweet Alyssum

Centaurea (Cornflower) Coreopsis Gypsophila Mignonette Myosotis (Forget-me-not) Nigella (Love-in-a-mist) Phlox Drummondi Poppy Purple Candytuft

For shady locations:

Sweet Alyssum Antirrhinum (Snapdragon) Centaurea (Sweet Sultan) Clarkia Cynoglossum (Chinese Forget-me-not) Eschscholtzia (California Godetia Lupinus Hartwegi Myosotis (Forget-me-not) Phlox Drummondi

For poor soil:

Sweet Alyssum Amaranthus Calendula (Pot-marigold) Celosia Plumosa (Feathered Cockscomb) Centaurea (Sweet Sultan) Coreopsis

Eschscholtzia (California Portulaca (Rose Moss)

For edging: Shart, campact flawers with a lang blaaming seasan. Ageratum

Sweet Alyssum Celosia (Fire Feather) Centaurea (Dusty Miller) Nasturtium Pansy Petunia Portulaca Garden Verbena

For the rock garden:

Ageratum Alyssum Arabis (Rock Cress) Bellis (English Daisy) California Poppy Candytuft Dahlia, Dwarf Dianthus (Pinks) Forget-me-not Linum (Perennial Flax) Nasturtium Nigella Pansy Petunia Phlox, Dwarf Portulaca Statice (Sea Lavender) Sweet William Zinnia

For their foliage:

Amaranthus caudatus (Love-lies-bleeding) Balloonvine Euphorbia (Snow-on-the-Kochia (Summer Cypress) Ricinus (Castor-bean)

Everlastings for winter bouquets: Celosia cristata (Cacks-Gomphrena Gypsophila Helichrysum (Strawflower) Lunaria (Honesty)

For their fragrance:

Sweet Alyssum Antirrhinum (Snapdragon) Centaurea (Sweet Sultan) Dianthus (Chinese Pink) lberis umbellata (Purple Lathyrus odoratus (Per-ennial Sweet Pea) Mignonette Nicotiana Phlox Drummondi Stock Sweet Scabiosa

> For porch or windowboxes:

Ageratum Sweet Alyssum Centaurea (Dusty Miller) Edging Lobelia Petunia Phlox Drummondi Portulaca Dwarf Marigold Verbena Vinca (Periwinkle)

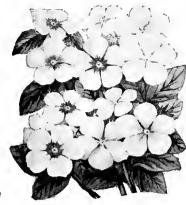
Climbing Vines:

Balloon Vine Canary Bird Vine Gourds Moon Flower Morning Glory Nasturtium, Tall Scarlet Runner Bean Sweet Peas Perennial Sweet Peas

ALL FLOWER SEEDS 10c

PER PACKET

Except where otherwise noted



Vinca (Periwinkle)

SCARLET FLAX-See Linum.

SCARLET RUNNER—See Bean, Scarlet Runner.

SNAPDRAGON — See Antirrhinum.

SNOW-ON-THE-MOUNTAIN (a)

Euphorbia

The folioge is beautifully edged with white. Excellent for cutting. Above 2 feet.

STOCKS (a)

Unlimited charm and diversity of color. One of the most abundantly blooming annuals. Good for bedding, or pot culture.

Ten Week Stacks—Double rosette-like blossoms on fine sturdy stems in a brilliant range of diverse colors. May be potted, and taken indoors before frost.

Evening Scented—Pleasont fragrance, excellent range of colors.

Beauty Mixed.

STRAWFLOWER (a) Helichrysum

Handsome when growing outdoors, and when dried make brilliant winter bouquets for the house. Amazing assortment of soft and vivid colors. Mixed.

SUNFLOWER (a) Helianthus

Stately, well loved old favorites. Unsurpassed for backgrounds, or general coverage of unsightly places, because of their size and brilliancy. Tall or dwarf, single and double.

SWAN RIVER DAISY — See Brachycombe.

SWEET WILLIAM (hp) ◆

Free flowering with beautiful large heads of bloom. Rich, fine colors. Single and Double, mixed.

SWEET PEAS (a)

These lovely garden fovorites need well-fertilized soil. Water frequently on worm days.

Early Flowering Spencers—Developed porticularly for outdoor plonting during winter months in the warmer climotes, but also used in cooler areas where they

bloom 2 to 3 weeks earlier than the summer flowering but not so continuously. (Mixed, and in a variety of colors.)

Late Flowering Spencer—In various individual shades and mixtures.

Ruffled Giant Spencer — Strikingly beautiful, unusually delicate in coloring. Perfectly formed, vigorous. In various individual shades and mixture.

Perennial Sweet Peas. (Lathyrus Latifolius)—Sturdy vine with luxuriont pea-like foliage, bearing lorge clusters of waxy, hondsome



Perennial Sweet Pea

flowers — also peo-shaped. The vine is well adopted to scrambling over rocks, and rugged spots, but can be trained to a support.

TICKSEED—See Calliopsis.

TITHONIA SPECIOSA (a)

Dazzling scarlet, large single flowers. Plants are very tall, but neat. Brightest possible flower for foll. (See Poge 6 for color illustration.)

VERBENA (a)

Favored alike for cutting and for display. Free blooming, with very lorge and colorful heads. In a wide variety of individual shades and mixtures.

Blue Sentinel—Unusual, rich navy blue flowers, with medium sized florets and trusses. 10 to 12inch compact plants, fine for neat, dark beds. 1939 All-Americo Medal. Packet, 25c.

Mammath mixed and in a variety of individual shades.

VINCA (a) Periwinkle

A very ornamentol and highly satisfactory bedding plant. Long flowering, with brilliant green foliage. Mixed.

VIOLA (a) Baby Pansy

A free-flowering onnual which should have a place in every gorden. Good for rockery. Resemble ponsy, although smaller. Mixed

WALLFLOWER (hhp)

A lovely early spring bloomer. The frogrance is very pleasing, and the blossoms develop startling colors. A fine selection of shades. Mixed.

ZINNIA (a)

Deservedly one of the best loved, and most satisfactory of all gorden onnuals. For cutting purposes, they ore unsurpossed. Eosy to grow, thriving under almost any conditions.

Dahlia Flawered (Mammath) — The artistic postel colors, and almost perfect dahlia-like form of these varieties make them greatly desired. 6-inch blooms. Mixed.

Crawn of Gald — Petals ore overlaid with deep golden yellow at the base, with individual colors at tip. (See page 11 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Fantasy Mixed—The new and delightful variety that has won notion-wide popularity—in a mixture of unusual colors. The flowers are great masses of shaggy ray-like, twisted petals. (See page 11 for color illustration.)

Fantasy Star Dust—Clear, golden yellow, Fantasy Type, whose chorming shaggy-petaled blossoms lend informality and color to the garden. Good length on free-blooming plants. 1937 All-America. (See page 11 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Fantasy Wildfire—Rich, dazzling scarlet. Strong growing and very free blooming. Sow seed where plonts ore to bloom. (See front cover and page II for color illustrations.) Packet, 25c.

Fantasy White Light—One of the whitest of all Zinnias. Curled and crested petals, bushy plants. $2^{1}/_{2}$ to 3 feet. Packet, 25c.

Giants of California (Mammath)

—A magnificent stroin of huge blossoms. (See page 11 for color illustration.) Mixed.

Lilliput Pastel Mixture—A fine mixture of tiny Zinnias that can be used for edging and as cut flowers. Reol sparklers. (See page 11 for color illustration.)

Lilliput (Pompan) — Straightstemmed midget with daisy-like flowers. Mixed.

Linearis—One of the most interesting and unusual newer dwarf Zinnias. Single, golden-orange flowers, lemon yellow stripe through each petal. Brown centers. (See page 11 for color illustration.)

Midget Tom Thumb—The colors include all the best and most desirable Zinnia shades. The compact little bushes are only 6 to 10 inches high, and the tiny blooms are perfect doubles.



Zinnia Navajo

Navajo Mixed—This bi-colored, gaillordia flowered Zinnia is to-day's fovorite among the newer varieties. Medium-sized flowers in a wonderful range of colors are unsurpassed for cutting. 2½ to 3 foot plants, free blooming. 1938 All-America Selection. Packet. 15c.

Pumila Picotee Delight (Salman Rose)—Diversified markings and shape. Lovely color.

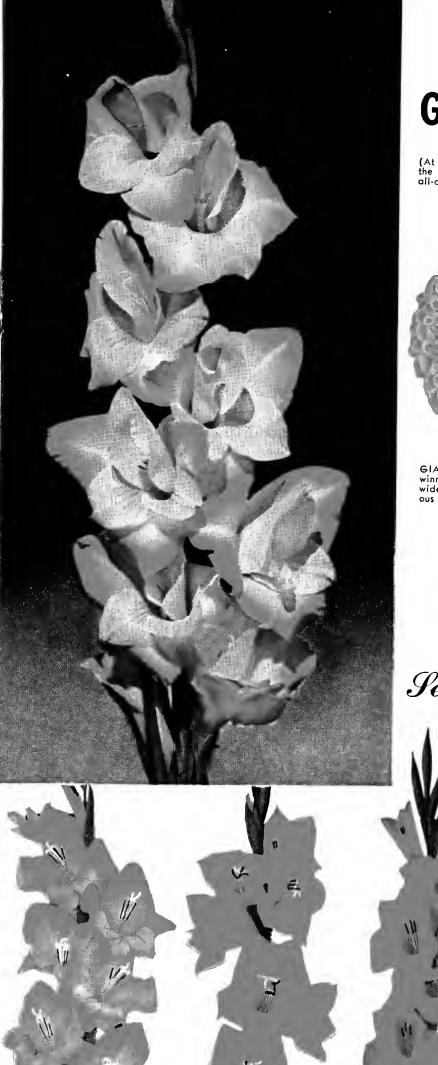
Red Riding Hood Dwarf—As delightful os the fairy tale, these little flowers make friends immediately.

Scabiaus Flowered—An interesting new Zinnia resembling a Scabiosa. Large semi-globular crown, surrounded by a fringe of petals. The colors have delightful variety, and there are many charming contrasts between the colors of the fringes and the centrol crowns. (See page 11 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

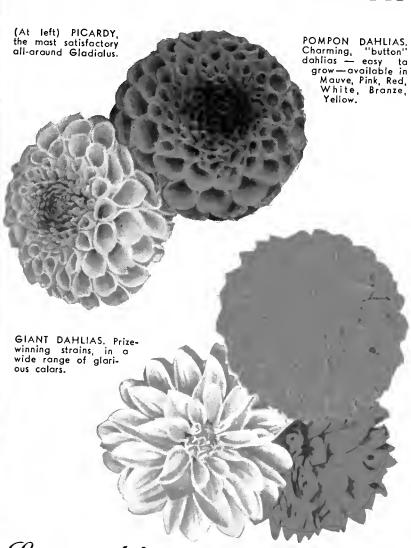
Haageana (Mexican Hybrids)
—A miniature Zinnia with flowers of yellow, orange, and mohogony—frequently variegated.
Some blossoms are single and some double.

If there is some rare or unusual flower variety you can't find listed in this book...just ask us for it.

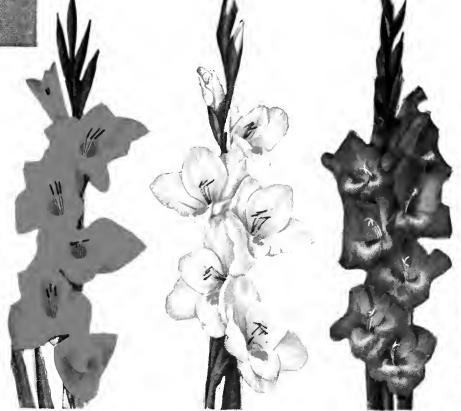
We'll get it for you!



Selected GLADIOLUS and DAHLIAS



See next page for full descriptions



Betty Nuthall

Golden Dream

Dr. F. E. Bennett

Minuet

Charles Dickens



Yellow King Humbert

Cannas

King Humbert—Gigantic flowers, brilliant orange scarlet, with bright red markings. Bronze leaved. 5 feet.

Yellaw King Humbert—Golden-yellow, dotted red. Green foliage. 4 feet.

President—Easily the best red canna. Immense flowers of rich, intense scarlet. Green foliage. 4 feet.

Hungaria—The best true pink canna. Large flower trusses; green foliage. $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Wintzer's Calassal—Largest flowering canna. Vivid, blazing scarlet. Green foliage. 5 feet.

Lilies

Auratum—The gold-banded Lily of Japan. Flowers from 8 to 10 inches in diameter. White, chocolate crimson spots, with a gold band on each petal.

Rubrum — A hardy, beautiful Lily. Flowers are white, flushed pink, and spotted carmine.

Regal—Trumpet shaped, white flowers, slightly pink tinged. Canary yellow centers. Very hardy.

Henryi—Rich apricot to orange-yellow. Stalks 5 feet or more carry many huge flowers on each.

Phillipine—Flowers often as much as 6 or 7 inches long. Fragrant, elegant, and graceful. White, slightly marked with reddish-brown.

Tigrinum—Easiest to grow, and best known of all Lilies. Orange-red flowers, spotted purple.

Calla Lily—Rich, lustrous, golden-yellow flowers, with creamy white spots. Distinctive, dark green foliage.

TUBEROSES

One of the most fragrant of all flowers. Tall spikes of double waxy blooms borne on tall stems. One of the loveliest flowering bulbs. Spear-shaped, grass-like foliage. Annual replacement frequently advisable.

THE Gladiolus OF ALL CHOICE

Aflame—Truly enormous flowers on tall spikes. Begonia-rose, edged with bright orange-flame.

Albatras-New giant pure white an tall spike of good standing.

Betty Nuthall—Salmon pink, with yellow throat markings. Florets of fine texture on large, strong spikes.

Bagdad — Very large, smoky old rose, lighter throat, 5-6 florets open at a time on tall, straight spike.

Charles Dickens—Strong growing bright, radiant purple. Many blooms open at a time. Perfect placement.

Cammander Kaehl—Fine red. Tall spike. Florets very large, of dark scarlet without markings.

Dr. F. E. Bennett—Fiery orange-scarlet. Very large flowering, many open.

Galden Dream—Pure, clear, golden-yellow flowers of medium size on very tall stems, many open at one time.

Giant Nymph—Lovely, light salman-pink suffused with creamy yellow in the throat. Giant flawers. One af the best.

La Palama—Gorgeous, vivid orange with inconspicuous white spearhead in throat. Large flawers; tall spike.

Maid of Orleans - A beautiful milky white, with light cream throat. Tall spike with 6-8 perfectly placed florets.

Mrs. Lean Dauglas—Bright begonia-rase striped with soft orange-scarlet. Very large, showy and vigarous.

Minuet—Beautiful, clear light lavender, very large flower of heavy substance. Considered by many the best lavender.

Paul Pfitzer-Brilliant rich reddish purple flowers with a striking velvety sheen. Good grower.

Picardy—Immense spikes of rich apricotpink blooms. Individual florets are extremely large, slightly ruffled and af waxlike appearance.

Dahlias

PRIZE WINNING VARIETIES



Jersey Beauty - Supreme among pink

Jane Cawl—Deep, massive blooms, buff and old gold petals curled and twisted. Mrs. I. De Ver Warner-Large blooms, old rose suffused lilac.

Jean Kerr-Fine white, long stemmed dahlia. Blooms early.

Jersey Beacan—Chinese scarlet with a lighter reverse. Long, strong stems.

Omar Khayam—Chinese red, shading to bright orange, with paler tips. Flowers often 10 inches.

Thomas A. Edisan — Gorgeous blooms af rich royal purple.

Kentucky—Salmon pink with yellow and gold blend.

Manmauth Champian—Immense, brilliant orange flowers on perfect stems.

Pampan Dahlias — Charming "button" dahlias that grow freely, require little care but reward you with a wealth of gorgeous cut-flowers summer and fall. In mauve, pink red, white, bronze, yellow.

CALADIUM

Fancy-Leaved Caladium — Few summer foliage plants can equal the fancy leaved Caladiums for rich, beautiful color and dramatic effect. Semi-tropical bulbs.

Elephant's Ear—One of the largest ornamental foliage plants for beds and borders. The huge green leaves give a most unusual effect.

Hamilton's choice bulbs for Spring planting

Eoch Doz. 100 DAHLIAS—(Cont'd) GLADIOLUS: Betty Nut-Thomos Edison, Kentucky, Monmouth Champion\$.25 \$.65 \$1.25 hall, Giont Nymph, Golden Dreom, Mrs. 10 25 Leon Douglos\$.05 \$.50 \$3.00 Aflome, Bogdod, Dr. F. E. Bennett, Lo Polomo, Chorles Dickens, Picordy. .05 .55 3.50 CANNAS: All vorieties

 LILIES: Aurotum, Rubrum, Henryi, Phillipine
 .23 \$.55 \$1.90

 Regol, Tigrinum
 .19 .50 1.60

 Colla Lily
 .19 .50 1.50

 DAHLIAS: Jersey's Beouty, CALADIUM: Fancy Leoved. .29 Jone Cowl, Jean Kerr, Mrs. I. D. Ver Worner, .50 1.50

HAMILTON SEED & COAL CO.



Far a real thrill, stroll through aur Nursery Deportment this spring! Whether you plant for pleasure ar for prafit, you'll be glod you came! Here you'll see nursery stack that just makes yaur fingers itch for o spade ond o spat to dig in! Big, husky plants and trees, bursting with life—stronger, heavier, betterroated than you'd ever expect to find ot such law prices.

Remember-HERE YOU CAN SEE WHAT YOU BUY. All the "gamble" is taken out af your purchases.

Bring us your questions about planting, pruning, spraying, etc. Let us help you plan your londscaping, select your orchord, or suggest suitable trees ar plants far any purpose. Our service is efficient, complete—and free!

Hamilton's TREES

For Ornamental Growth — For Shade

A choice selection of varieties which have proven hardy and desirable in this climate. We can supply other varieties and sizes, if desired. Special prices on larger quantities. All trees are shipped by express collect.

ASH, Green. Rapid growing, longlived tree that thrives everywhere. 6 to 8 ft., ea., \$1.00; 2 for \$1.75.

BIRCH, Cut-Leaf Weeping. Graceful tree with glistening white bark. 5 to 6 ft., ea., \$2.25; 2 for \$3.95. 6 to 8 ft., ea., \$2.90; 2 for \$5.35.

CATALPA Bungei, Umbrella Tree for accent in lawn planting. 2-yr., 5 ft., ea., \$1.50; 2 for \$2.65.



Flowering Crab

CRAB, Jap. Red. (Hopa). Beautiful single red flowers on a shapely tree. 3 to 4 ft., ea., 55c; 2 for 95c.

CRAB, Double Pink (Bechtel's). A mass of double pink flowers. 2 to 3 ft., ea., 69c; 2 for \$1.25.

ELM, American. Permanent shade. 6 to 8 ft., ea., 55c; 2 for 95c. 8 to 10 ft., ea., 75c; 2 for \$1.25.

ELM, Chinese. A selected strain of this very popular, fast grower. 5 to 6 ft., ea., 39c; 2 for 69c. 6 to 8 ft., ea., 75c; 2 for \$1.29. 8 to 10 ft., ea., 95c; 2 for \$1.65.

MAPLE, Cut-Leaved. Graceful, arching branches with cut leaves. 6 to 8 ft., ea., \$1.29; 2 for \$2.35.

MAPLE, Silver. The fastest growing Maple. Excellent large shade tree. 6 to 8 ft., ea., 69c; 2 for \$1.25. 8 to 10 ft., ea., \$1.25; 2 for \$2.35.

MULBERRY, Teas' Weeping. A distinctive low-headed, weeping tree. 2 yr., 5 ft., ea., \$2.65; 2 for \$5.00.

POPLAR, Balleana. Tall, pyramidal, with silvery grey bark and leaves. 5 to 6 ft., ea., 75c; 2 for \$1.35. 6 to 8 ft., ea., \$1.15; 2 for \$2.00. 8 to 10 ft., ea., \$1.35; 2 for \$2.50.

POPLAR, Lambardy. Old favorite columnar type for accent, screens, etc. 5 to 6 ft., ea., 29c; 4 for 95c. 6 to 8 ft., ea., 39c; 4 for \$1.25. 8 to 10 ft., ea., 49c; 4 for \$1.65.

REDBUD. Low headed; rosy red flowers before the leaves. 2 to 3 ft., ea., 45c; 2 for 75c.

RUSSIAN OLIVE. Low, rough growing; silvery grey foliage. 3 to 4 ft., each, 29c; 2 for 45c.

SYCAMORE, American. Tall, shapeattractive near-white bark. 6 to 8 ft., ea., 75c; 2 for \$1.35. WILLOW, Weeping. Fastest growing weeping tree. Golden yellow bark. 5 to 6 ft., ea., 59c; 2 for \$1.00. 8 to 10 ft., ea., \$1.15; 2 for \$1.95.

Ornamental, useful and hardy varieties. Plant them for lovely bloom, for quick screen or shade, to dress up chimneys and unsightly brick or stone walls, or for ground cover on banks. We offer the best variety for each purpose.

CLINGING VINES

BOSTON IVY. Clings tighter than any other vine. Each, 30c; 4 for \$1.10.

ENGLEMANN IVY. Grows faster than Boston but does not cling as tightly. Each, 20c; 4 for 70c.

FOR ARBOR, TRELLIS OR FENCE BITTERSWEET. Big crops of red berries for winter bouquets. Each,

CLEMATIS Jackmani. Large, rich purple flowers all summer. Each, 60c; 4 for \$2.00.

30c; 4 for \$1.10.



Silver Lace Vine

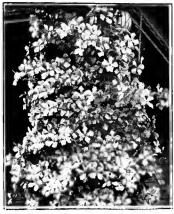
CLEMATIS Paniculata (Sweet Autumn). Fast grower. Countless fragrant, small white flowers in fall. Each, 25c; 4 for 85c.

HONEYSUCKLE, Galdflame. New. Produces scarlet trumpet flowers all summer. Blue foliage. Each, 59c; 4 for \$2.00.

HONEYSUCKLE, Scarlet Trumpet. Old favorite oriental red trumpets. Each, 30c; 4 for \$1.10.

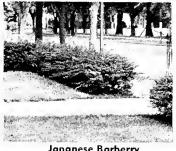
SILVER LACE. Fastest growing hardy vine. Sprays of creamy white flowers until frost. Each, 35c; 4

WISTERIA, Purple. Long panicles of lovely purple bloom. Each, 30c; 4 for \$1.10.



Clematis Jackmani

GROUND COVER HONEYSUCKLE, Hall's Japan. Fast grower. Yellow and white bloom. Best for steep banks, erosion control, etc. Each, 20c; 4 for 70c.



Japanese Barberry

HEDGES

Hardy varieties for formal and informal hedges. All can be kept pruned as low as 2 feet or allowed to grow their natural height. See "Tree Seedlings" for taller growing varieties, suitable for high hedges, or screens, windscreens, windbreaks, etc. Tell us your needs and we will recommend the best variety.

			Prices	
Variety	Size	10	25	50
BARBERRY, Japanese	12 to 18 in.	\$0.60	\$1.25	\$2.25
	18 to 24 in.	.69	1.45	2.65
BARBERRY, Red	12 to 18 in.	1.25	2.65	4.35
BUCKTHORN	12 to 18 in.	.35	.75	1.25
PRIVET, Amur River. Hardy	12 to 18 in.	.60	1.25	2.25
	18 to 24 in.	.69	1.50	2.75
SPIREA V. H. (Bridal Wreath).	12 to 18 in.	.60	1.25	2.25
	18 to 24 in.	.85	1.65	3.15

SEEDLING TREES

Northern nursery grown, extra well rooted, seedling trees for windbreaks, shelterbelts, erosion control, etc. Prices, not prepaid.

We will be glad to help you select the variety best suited for

your needs.		Linces	
	10	25	100
BLACK LOCUST	\$0.20	\$0.35	\$1.10
18 to 24 in.	.30	.50	1.60
ELM, American 18 to 24 in.	.35	.60	1.75
Elm, Chinese 12 to 18 in.	.20	.35	1.10
18 to 24 in.	.30	.55	1.50
2 to 3 ft.	.40	.75	2.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75	1.35	4.75
RUSSIAN MULBERRY 12 to 18 in.	.25	.40	1.15
18 to 24 in.	.30	.55	1.75
RUSSIAN OLIVE 12 to 18 in.	.40	.75	2.15

Hamilton's Roses Finest, healthiest stock at amazingly low prices . see them!

Each 35c 3 for 95c 10 for \$3.00

All our Roses are two-year, fieldgrown. Big, husky, well rooted bushes that bloomed in the nursery last fall, and with reasonable care, will bloom well until frost this year. We have carefully selected only those varieties which will thrive in your garden, and produce beautiful blooms of "hotproduce beautiful blooms of house" quality.

Quality considered, all these Roses are exceedingly low priced. Futher-more, they are backed by our complete service of selection, planting advice, growing helps and other year-round "good neighbor" services.

HYBRID TEA ROSES (HT) and HYBRID PERPETUALS (HP)

Hybrid Tea Roses produce lovely blooms just like you buy from your florist. They are called "Everblooming" and bloom intermittently from early summer until frost.

Hybrid Perpetual varieties produce extra large, fragrant blooms, in great profusion, in early summer. More hardy than Hybrid Tea Rose varieties.

RED

American Beauty. H.P. Crimson shaded soft carmine; double.

Catalonia. H.T. Extra double, glowing orange-scarlet. Sweetly fragrant.

E. G. Hill. H.T. Massive blooms of maroon, velvety on inside.

Etoile de Hollande, H.T. Bright red, with fine fragrance.

General Jacqueminot. H.P. Rich crimson-scarlet; fragrant.

Gruss an Teplitz. H.T. Blackish maroon, in clusters.

Margaret McGredy. H.T. Distinctive scarlet hue. Prolific and desirable.

McGredy's Scarlet. H.T. Vivid, new deep rose.

Red Radiance. H.T. Bright red form of Radiance.

Sauthport. H.T. A new vivid scarlet.

PINK

Briarcliff. H.T. Even shade of silvery rose-pink.

Dame Edith Helen. H.T. Glowing pink, Editor McFarland. H.T. Vivid, deep pink. Fragrant. Strong.

Killarney, Pink. H.T. Best sparkling pink. Favorite cut flower.

Miss Rawena Thom. H.T. Rose-pink. Large, fragrant, vigorous.

Paul Neyron. H.P. Dwarf bushes with gigantic pink flowers.

Pink Radiance. H.T. Brilliant rose-pink.

PRES. H. HOOVER

YELLOW

Galden Dawn, H.T. Lemon-yellow. Very double; fragrant.

Joanna Hill. H.T. Yellow center surrounded by buff petals.

Mrs. E. P. Tham. H.T. Large, well shaped blooms of bright canary-yel-

Mrs. P. S. Dupant. H.T. Golden yellow; reddish gold bud.

Sister Therese. H.T. Fragrant, daffodil-yellow. Extra fine.

Souvenir de Claudius Pernet. H.T. Pure sunflower shades.

Sunburst. H.T. Rich yellow shaded

MULTI-COLORED

Duquesa de Penaranda. H.T. Gay copper-apricot. Best of this shade.

Edith Nellie Perkins. H.T. Rich orange outside, salmon-pink inside.

Hinrich Gaede. H.T. Striking oriental red shaded golden yellow.

Lady Forteviot. H.T. Deep apricot toned old gold. Gold Medal winner.

President Herbert Haaver. H.T. Orange and red shades. (See illustra-

Sunkist. H.T. A delightful new orange-copper sport of Joanna Hill.

Talisman, H.T. Yellow stained with copper-red and orange-rose.

WHITE

Frau Karl Druschki. H.P. Large, snowy white. Very hardy.

Mme. Jules Bouche. H.T. Best snowwhite, fragrant, everblooming Rose,

Rugosa Shrub Roses

The hardiest, most vigorous of all Roses. The bushes arow 3 to 5 feet high and while the blooms are not as pretty as the H.T. or H.P. Roses, they are very dependable in this climate.

Amelia Gravereaux. A strong bush covered with double, fragrant, red blooms.

Austrian Capper. Loveliest of all single red Roses. Under side is glis-Austrian tening golden yellow.

Belle Poitevine. Masses of double pink Roses, in clusters, all summer. F. J. Grootendorst. Bright red, in large clusters. Everblooming.

Grootendorst Pink. Large clusters of bright pink flowers. Everblooming.

Hansa. Double, reddish violet; large

Harrison's Yellow, Old-fashioned shrub Rose. Fragrant, double, yellow.

Hugonis. Hardy Chinese Shrub Rose. Masses of clear yellow flowers.

Climbing Rose COLLECTION

- Crimson Rambler
- Yellow Rambler 1 Paul's Scarlet
- All 3 for only 85c

18ь



Sauthport



Edith Nellie Perkins



Mrs. P. S. Dupont



Etaile de Hallande



Miss Rowena Tham



Sunkist



Hinrich Gaede



Editor McFarland

Special THESE 8 SELECT VARIETIES AS ILLUSTRATED. One each of the 8 choice Roses illustrated above — big,

healthy, 2-yr., field-grown bushes—a wide range af cantrasting and harmanizing tones. In this special collection we offer all 8 bushes for only

BABY RAMBLERS

lovely low bushes, Those loaded with color, bloom all summer until frost.

Crimson Baby. Light crimson, dense clusters.

Ellen Paulsen. Bright pink. Double. Frogrant.

Glaria Mundi. Brilliant orangescorlet in large clusters. Double.

Sparkler. Vivid red. Free bloom-

CLIMBERS

Climbina American Beauty. Bright purplish crimson.

Rambler. Dazzling Crimson scarlet-red.

Gardenia (Yellaw Rambler). Creamy flowers, yellow center.

Mme. Gregaire Staechelin. Vigorous bush, covered with large, double, vivid pink bloom.

Paul's Scarlet. Intense scarlet flowers. Best, hardy red.

Hamilton's Flowering SHRUBS Larger shrubs at lower

prices! Heavy-branched, well-rooted Northern grown stock that will thrive beautifully in this climate.

16 CHOICEST Old Favorites

^{29c}_{Each} 4 for \$1 10 for \$2.25 (Not prepaid)

BARBERRY, Japanese. Medium. Vigorous, thorny shrub with red berries and reddish foliage in fall. 18- to 24-inch size.

BUTTERFLY BUSH, Ile de France. Medium. New. Perennial shrub covered with rich reddish purple flowers, in spikes, in late summer. 2year, No. 1 size.

CARAGANA (Siberian Pea Tree). Tall. Upright grower with rich dark green foliage. Yellow flowers. Very hardy. Size, 2 to 3 feet.



Forsythia

DOGWOOD, Red. Tall. Spreading shrub with attractive foliage and bright red bark. 2- to 3-foot size. DOGWOOD, Yellow. Tall. Like Red Dogwood except with golden yellow bark. 18- to 24-inch size.

FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell), Tall. Upright shrub covered with rich yellow flowers in early spring. 2- to 3-foot size. GOLDEN ELDER. Tall. Fast growing

shrub with bright yellow foliage for contrast. Usually sells at higher price. 18- to 24-inch size.

HONEYSUCKLE, Red. Tall. Best, rapid growing, hardy shrub for foundation or screen planting. Rose-red flowers; red berries. 2-to 3-foot size.

JAPANESE QUINCE. Medium. Large, oriental red flowers in early spring. Rich, dark green foliage. 2- to 3-foot size.

LILAC, Old-Fashioned. Tall. America's most beautiful hardy shrub. Masses of fragrant lilac-purple bloom. 2- to 3-foot size.



White Snowberry

MOCK ORANGE (Syringa). Tall. Countless, fragrant, white flowers in spring. Vigorous, hardy. Desirable. 2- to 3-foot size.

MOCK ORANGE, Lemoine, Medium. One of best lower growing shrubs for foundation or border planting. Masses of fragrant white flowers. 24- to 30-inch size.

RUSSIAN OLIVE. Tall. Silver-grey foliage. Excellent for mass plantings, screens, taller hedges, or for specimen planting. 2- to 3-ft. size.

SNOWBERRY. Medium. Thrives under adverse conditions, in sun or shade. Very useful. Two varieties: Red or white berries. 18- to 24-

TAMARIX. Tall. Graceful, lacy, silver-blue foliage. Fine pink flowers. 2- to 3-foot size.

WEIGELA, Pink. Medium. Very ornamental, upright shrub with lovely pink flowers. 2- to 3 foot size.

"The All-Star Eleven"

UNUSUALLY CHOICE VARIETIES-LARGE SIZES

39ceach - 3 for \$1.10 (Not prepaid)



American Cranberry

ALMOND, Pink or White. Medium. Countless, very double blooms like dainty roses, in spring. 2- to 3foot size.

BARBERRY, Red. Low. Shapely shrub with vivid red foliage when planted in full sun. 18- to 24-inch

COTONEASTER. Tall. Favored for its dark green foliage and upright habit. Extra hardy. 2- to 3-ft. size.

HIGH BUSH CRANBERRY. Tall. Its bright red berries attract the birds and dress up this desirable shrub in fall. 2- to 3 foot size.

HYDRANGEA, A.G. Medium. America's favorite shrub for planting in shade. Large, white blooms in summer. Called "Hills of Snow." 2- to 3-foot size.

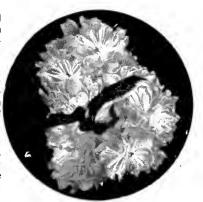
HYDRANGEA, Pee Gee. Tall. Another favorite. Produces many large, conical shaped pink and white blooms in lote summer. 2- to 3-ft. size.

LILAC, Persian Purple. Tall. Starts blooming younger and blooms more profusely than common Lilac. Attractive foliage. Reddish purple bloom. 2- to 3-foot size.

MOCK ORANGE, Double (Virginalis). Medium. Lovely, double white, fragrant flowers in spring and summer. New and extra good. 18- to 24 in. size.

SNOWBALL. Tall. An old-fashowball. Idli. An old-fa-shioned hardy shrub that is still one of America's best sellers. Covered with white snowball flowers in late spring. 18- to 24-inch size.

VIBURNUM, Lantana. Tall. Best Viburnum for our climate. Upright habit. Excellent foliage. Red berries in fall. 18- to 24-inch size.



Flowering Almond

WEIGELA, Eva Rathke. Medium. Brilliant crimson flowers in early summer, in great profusion. Very desirable. 18- to 24-inch size.

New and Patented Shrubs (Not prepaid)

BARBERRY, Mentorensis. (Patent No. 99.) New, upright, thorny variety, dark green foliage. 15- to 18-in. size. Each, 59c; 2 for \$1.00.

BARBERRY, Truehedge. (Patent No. 110.) New. A narrow, upright column of glossy green foliage. 15to 18-in. size. Each, 35c; 2 for 95c.

BEAUTY BUSH. Medium. A mass of dainty pink flowers in May. 18to 24-in size. **Each, 50c; 3 for \$1.35.** BUDDLEIA, Fortune. (Patent No. 206.) Medium. Many spikes of colorful lilac with orange eye all summer and fall. Each, 75c; 3 for \$2,10.



French Lilac

HONEYSUCKLE, Korolkowi. Tall. Broad, bluish green leaves and white flowers. The best. 2 to 3 ft. Each, 75c; 3 for \$2.10.

FRENCH LILACS. Hybrids. Far superior to common Lilacs. Bloom young, do not sucker from the roots and are more lovely. 18to 24-inch size.

Belle de Nancy. Double rose, white

Charles Joly. Double, purplish red. Congo. Single, deep wine-red. Mme. Lemoine. Double, snow-white.

Pres. Grevy. Double, light blue. Ludwig Spaeth. Single. Deep purple. Each, 59c; 2 for \$1.00.

PLUM, Flowering. Loads of double, pink, roselike flowers. More beautiful than Flowering Cherries. Absolutely hardy. 2- to 3-foot size. Each, 59c, 2 for \$1.00.

SPIREA AMERICA'S FAVORITE SHRUBS

Your choice of 5 varieties, all heavy, well branched, well rooted:

Each, 4 for 75c 10 for \$1.59. (Not Prepaid)



Anthony Waterer. (Illustrated at left.) Low. Best dwarf for foundation or border. Covered with red blooms almost all summer. 18- to 24-inch size.

Billiardi. Medium. Lovely spikes of bright pink bloom in summer. 2- to 3-foot size.

Bridal Wreath (Spirea V. H.). Tall. America's Sweetheart. A graceful shrub covered with dainty white flowers in late spring. Big 3- to 4-foot size.

Froebeli. Medium. Extra strong, vigorous and hardy. Rose-red bloom in great profusion. Distinctive foliage. 18- to 24-inch

Thunbergi. Medium. Favored for its unusual feathery, apple-green foliage. 18- to 24-inch size.



Spirea Billiardi

Special

10 big 18 to 24 inch 2-Year Spirea 89c

Hardy, Northern-Grown **APPLES**



Prices are Low

3-year, heavy Apple trees, size 5 to 6 ft., grade 11/16 to 1 inch, cach, 49c; 10 for \$3.75.

Anoka. Often bears the next year ofter planting. Red; like Duchess in flavor and looks.

Duchess. For summer cooking. Hordy everywhere. Large, streoked

Red June. Ripens first; sweet and

Yellow Transparent, Golden summer Apple. Abundant, juicy, tender. Wealthy. Large; flesh fine, juicy. Does well everywhere.

Delicious. (Red, also Yellow.) The Perfect Apple. Fruit large, elongated; five smoll knobs on blossom end. Good shipper, good keeper.

Grimes Golden. Rich, spicy flavor. Golden yellow. Popular on the mar-

Jonathan. One of the best sellers. Bright red, young beorer. Good for winter storage.

Red Cortland. Comes into bearing very eorly. Similor to McIntosh, but we believe of better quality. A beoutiful dark red.

Stayman's Winesap. Very large, red. Stores unusually well. Both eating ond cooking.

Joan. Hordy anywhere in this territory. Orchardists apprave it.

Cherry-red. Lorger than Janathan and more quality. Bears young.

CRAB APPLES

Crab Apple trees, 4 to 5 ft., grade 11/16 in., each, 49c; 10 for \$3.75.

Dolgo. The Crob Apple sensation. Extremely hordy. Most delicious for eoting or jell. As an ornamental tree it is especially beautiful. **Hyslop.** Lorge, deep crimson with blue bloom. Popular on the market. Astringent. Abundont beorer. Florence Crap. Very hordy. Medium to large, very juicy, acid or tart flovor. Fine for jelly.

Whitney. Lorgest of all Crabs. Excellent for jellies, pickles and pre-

Special FAMILY FRUIT ORCHARD Collection No. 1

One eoch of Hanska Plum, Red Wing Plum, Early Richmond Cherry, Wealthy Apple, Jona-than Apple—all for .. \$1.95

Collection No. 2

Home Garden Small Fruit Collection-9 Concord Grapes, 3 Caco Red Grapes, 2 Cherry Currants, 1 Downing Gooseberry, 6 Red Raspberry plants, 5 Black-berry plants—oll for \$1.95

This Spring Plant Gruit Trees from Hamilton's

It costs so little—and it's such a joy—to have plenty of good fresh fruit from your own trees for your table—for canning. Our trees are all strong, vigorous-rooted stock, ready to give you abundant yields.



CHERRIES

One af the most delightful of all trees—not only fruitful but also beautiful ond excellent for shade. Every back yard needs a few.

2-year, heavy Cherry trees, size 5 to 6 ft., grade 11/16 to 1 in., each, 59c; 10 for \$4.95.

Montmorency. The big, red Cherry. The best bearer of all the sours. Ripens ten doys after Early Richmond.

Early Richmond. Bright red, rich, acid flovor. Unsurpassed for cooking. Extremely hardy.

English Morello. Hardy in cold climotes. Bears late. Easily grown, quality good, acid flavor.

HANSEN'S BUSH CHERRY. The new sensation. Usually bears the first year. The plants are bushy and rarely get aver five feet tall. It is the most outstanding new fruit introduced in recent years. Each, 29c; 3 for 75c.

CURRANTS

Cherry. Lorge, red. Berries sometimes more than one-half inch in diameter. Grow in good soil.

Perfection. The largest and finest of all Red Currants. Rich, mild, plenty of pulp with few seeds.

Eoch, 20c; 3 for 50c; 6 for 90c.

PLUMS

recommended varieties are carefully selected for the best all-around results. Each one is a Hardy Hybrid of superior flavor. (Plant two or three varieties together for pollination purposes.)

2-year, extra heavy Plum Trees, size 5 to 6 ft., grade 11/16 to 1 in., each, 55c; 10 for \$4.60.

Hanska. Hordy everywhere. Bright red, apricot flavor. Fine for cooking or eating fresh.

Omaha. The areat Nebraska Plum. Ripens middle of August. Large, dark red, juicy and sweet.

Redwing. The hardy hybrid Plum, produced by the University of Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. A lorge, solid red.

Underwood. The best early Plum. Most popular of the Minnesota hybrids. Very large, red, juicy, sweet. Small pit, semi-cling.



Waneta. Very large. Deep red, yel-

Opato. Middle of July. Purplish red, green flesh, thin skin and small pit. Sweetly acid. Earliest of all.

Sapa. One of Hansen's most wonderful Plums. Fruit in clusters like grapes — medium to large size. Splendid for canning.

Composs Cherry Plum. Neither a cherry or a plum, but it combines oll the good qualities of both.

PEARS

are profitable

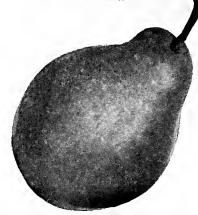
These three selected varieties all ripen in August and September, and deliver bountiful yields of highest grade.

2-year heavy Pear trees, size 5 to 6 ft., grade 11/16 to 1 in., each, 54c; 10 for \$4.50.

Mendel. New super-hardy. Requires no winter protection. A trifle longer and larger than Bartlett, Very sweet and juicy. Beautiful golden yellow. Blight resistant.

Kieffer. Golden yellow, large, juicy and meltina.

Lincoln. Lorger and better than Bartlett, the best all-purpose Pear for the Middle West.



GRAPES

Beta. Medium size, black, quite acid, very early. 3 for 39c; 6 for 59c; 12 for 98c.

Caco. Rich wine-red. Makes wonderful juices and wine. 3 for 49c; 6 for 90c.

Concord. (Black.) Huge bunches of deep purple Grapes. The standard commercial Grape. 3 for 29c; 12 for 79c; 25 for \$1.35; 100 for \$4.75.

Moore's Early. (Black.) Ripens two weeks earlier than Concord. A great commercial Grape. 3 for 35c; 12 for 98c; 25 for \$1.95; 100 for \$6.75.

Niagara. (White.) Hardiest and best white Grape. Large, sweet. Quality equal to Concord. **3 for** 35c; 12 for 98c; 25 for \$1.95; 100 for \$6.75.

APRICOTS

2-yeor heovy Apricot trees, size 4 to 5 ft., grode 11/16 in., each, 59c; 10 for \$4.95.

Chinese Golden. Vigorous growing habits. Early bearing qualities.

SELECTED BERRIES for the HOME GARDEN

BLACKBERRIES

Eldorado. One of the finest. Hardy, sweet, few seeds. Ideal for home or market. 3 for 19c; 6 for 29c; 12 for 49c. Boysenberry. The new wander berry. Has all the flavor ond good points of Loganberries, Blackberries and Raspberries. Averoges 1 inch in width up to more than $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length. 1-year plants. 3 for 29c; 6 for 55c; 12 for 98c.

RASPBERRIES

Cumberland. Largest and finest black Raspberry. Our improved strain has withstood 25 degrees below zero. Transplants. 6 for 39c; 12 for 60c.

St. Regis Everbearing. (**Red.**) Yield all summer and autumn. Large size.

Latham. Greatest Red Raspberry. Sensation in yield and profit. Hordy in far north. A great commercial and home

Flaming Giant. Sensational red. Fine size, flavor and color. Unsurpassed.

These three populor varieties: 6 for 29c; 12 for 49c; 25 for 78c.

GOOSEBERRIES

Downing. Very large, light green, juicy and fine flavored.

Red Jacket (Jasselyn). Large, pale red fruit of first class flavor. A wonderful cropper. By test it is freest of all from mildew.

Each, 20c; 3 for 55c; 6 for \$1.00.





ASPARAGUS

MARTHA WASHINGTON — Larger than original Washington. New, and rust resistant. Abundant producer with long, thick stalks and fine quality tight packed tips.

BEANS

Green Podded, Dwarf, or Bush

BOUNTIFUL—An early, heavyyielding variety. Flat, lightgreen, stringless, but slightly fibrous pods. Yellow seeds. 49 days. Large packet, 10c.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD—Early, sturdy. Very meaty, round, medium green pods, fully stringless and fibreless. 50 days. Large packet, 10c.

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD — Large, sturdy plants. Meaty, round pods, brittle and strictly stringless. Medium green pods, aval, yellowish-brown seed. 54 days. Large packet, 10c.

TENDERGREEN — Large, erect plants. Abundant, round, darkgreen pods, strictly stringless and fleshy. Brown seeds blotched with light fawn. 54 days. Large packet, 10c.

FULL MEASURE—Round, fleshy, brittle pods 6 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ in. long. Popular on account of its high yields and long picking season. Large packet, 10c.

Beans, Dry Shelled Varieties

WHITE PEA or WHITE NAVY— The widely used commercial variety. The flat pods are tough and stringy. Seeds are small, raund-aval and white. 90 days. Large packet, 10c.

Beans, Wax Podded, Dwarf or Bush Varieties

IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX—A home garden favarite. Small, erect plants, moderately productive. The straight, thick, flat pods are creamy yellow and stringless. 51 days. Large packet, 10c.

PENCIL POD BLACK WAX— Probably the best of all the dwarf black-seeded Wax Beans. Early and productive, bearing beautiful, rich yellow, deep curved

round pods, $5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 in. long. Always stringless, tender, brittle and fleshy. Desirable for home garden and market. Large packet, 10c.

ROUND POD KIDNEY WAX or BRITTLE WAX — Large, erect, vigorous plants. Medium yellow curved pods, crease-backed, entirely stringless, very brittle, fleshy and succulent. White, kidney-shaped seed with black eye. 58 days. Large packet, 10c.

SURE CROP WAX—Big, sturdy, productive plants, popular with home gardeners. Thick, flat, golden-yellow stringless pods, brittle and fine quality. 53 days. Large packet, 10c.

Beans, Green Podded, Pole

KENTUCKY WONDER or OLD HOMESTEAD — Strong climber, hardy, long-bearing. Curved, almast round pods. Slightly stringy, but brittle and fibreless, Meaty. 65 days. Large packet, 10c.

Beans, Wax Podded, Pole

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX — Very popular. Vigorous, good climbing plants, with waxy-yellow pods, flat and nearly stringless. Somewhat fibrous but meaty. Light chocolate brown seed. 68 days. Large packet, 10c.

Beans, Lima Dwarf or Bush

BABY POTATO — Small, thickseeded butter bean with real flavor, early maturity and prolific growth. 12 to 16 in. tall. Large packet, 15c.

BURPEE'S BUSH—Medium large plant. Pods contain three to four large seeds of excellent quality. 77 days. Large packet, 10c.

FORDHOOK BUSH — Straight pads with very plump, large beans of excellent quality. 75 days. Large packet, 10c.

HENDERSON'S BUSH — Known as Baby Lima, or Butter Bean. Plants small, early and bushy. 65 days. Good for home gardener; very productive. Large packet, 10c.



King of the Garden

Beans, Lima Pole

KING OF THE GARDEN—The pads are flat and smooth with four or five beans. The beans are white, large and flat. 88 days. Large packet, 10c.

BEETS

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN — Extra early. Flattened globe shaped roots with small dark red tap root. Excellent quality, tender and sweet. 60 days.

DETROIT DARK RED PERFECTED

The standard of excellence in table beets. Smooth, globular roots of deep ox-blood red—sweet and tender. 68 days.

EARLY WONDER—Early variety that can also be used for foll planting. Semi-globular roots, with small tap root. Tender, blood-red flesh. 58 days.

SWISS CHARD

LUCULLUS — Most popular Chard. Upright in growth, with yellowish-green curled, crumpled leaves. Thick, broad and light green stems. 50 to 60 days.

MANGEL WURZEL

GIANT HALF SUGAR, ROSE—Heavy yielding, fine for feeding. Long oval roots, white skin with rose colored shoulder, white flesh. Good sugar content. 90 days.

MAMMOTH LONG RED—Very popular. 30 to 50 tons per acre. Roots grow half above the ground. Light red, flesh white with rose tinge. IIO days.

GOLDEN TANKARD — Ovalshaped, broad shoulder. Flesh is orange-yellow. Heavy cropper. A favorite. 100 days.

BROCCOLI

ITALIAN GREEN SPROUTING
—Plant bears a succession of sprouting heads about 5 inches long, which, if kept cut, will be replaced by others for 8 ta 10 weeks. Each sprout ends in an edible head of green buds. 55 to 65 days. Large packet, 10c.

PRICES of Vegetable Seeds listed on this page (LARGE PACKETS 5c UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

 Prices Subject to Market Changes

 ASPARAGUS—Martha Woshington
 Pkt. V2 Lb. Lb. 3 Lb. 3 Lb. 15 Pkt. V2 Lb. Lb. 3 Lb. 3 Lb. 15 Pkt. V2 Lb. Lb. 3 Lb. 3 Lb. 15 Pkt. V3 Lb. 15 Pkt. V3 Lb. 15 Pkt. V4 Lb. Lb. 3 Lb. 15 Pkt. V5 Lb. 15 Pkt. V5 Lb. 15 Pkt. V5 Lb. 15 Pkt. V6 Lb. 16 Pkt. V6 Lb. 16 Pkt. V6 Lb. 16 Pkt. V6 Pkt. V6 Lb. 16 Pkt. V6 Pkt. V6

Market Gardeners Ask For Quantity Prices

HAMILTON SEED & COAL COMPANY



Growing Dala

BUSH BEANS—Plant only in warm, well-prepared soil, about 4" opart, 1½" to 2" deep. Under hand cultivation and in poor soil, rows may be 18" to 24" apart; in rich fields under horse or tractor cultivation, 30" to 36". Cultivate only before blooming and never when wet. Pick frequently as pods approach maturity, to get full yield. Plant a successian every two weeks to ensure supplies throughout the season. Allow 1 lb. far every 100 ft. of row; 1 to 1½ bushels per acre.

POLE BEANS—Plant a little later than dwarf beans, when the ground is warmer. Poles 7 to 8 ft. above graund should be about 4 ft. apart. Three or four pales may be pulled together at the top and tied, for rigidity. Round each pole set 6 beans 11/2" deep, thinning to 4 per pole later. Pole beans repay this work by heavier yields and longer picking seasons than bush beans. Allow about 1 lb. per 100 pales; 30 to 35 lbs. per acre, depending on the size of the seed.

Exercise the greatest cautian about cultivating or picking beans when the plants are wet with dew ar rain. It is extremely passible to spread disease from plant to plant (if they are wet) with implements, or even clothing brushing past.

LIMA BEANS—The culture of Limo beans is in general the same as that of green and wax podded beans, but they require a rich soil and must not be planted until soil is thoroughly warmed.

BEETS—While beets will flourish in any reasanably goad soil that is not acid, provided it is praperly fertilized ond cultivated, they da best in deep, sandy loam. The soil should be well warked first and if smooth roots are wanted, fresh manure must not be used. Sow about 12 seeds per foot 1/2" deep in drills 18" opart, rolling the earth after planting. Plants should be thinned out to 3" or 4" apart; this may be dane when they are 2" high or they may be left until they reach 6" when those lifted can be used for greens. To have supplies through the season, plant in succession every 10 days or so. Beets are at their best when about 2" in diameter and may be preserved for winter use by storing in cellars or pits, covering them with dry earth or sand, topped with straw.

PRICES of Vegetable Seeds listed on this page (LARGE PACKETS 5c UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

Prices Subject to Market Changes 1/4 Lb. ¼ Oz. \$.10 BRUSSELS SPROUTSPkt. \$.05
CABBAGE — Marion Market, Wisc.
All Seasans, Wisc. Halland Na. 8. Pkt. .05
CABBAGE—All other varieties listed.Pkt. .05 BRUSSELS SPROUTS . . Pkt. \$.05 .10 \$.75 .60 .10 .20 CARROTS Pkt. 05
CAULIFLOWER Pkt. 10 .45 CELERIAC Pkt. .05
CELERY—Giant Pascal Pkt. .05
CELERY—All ather varieties listed Pkt. .05 \$.75 .10 .10 .20 .35 1/₂ Lb. \$.18 Lb. \$.30 Pkt.
 SWEET
 CORN—Hybrids—Blends
 \$.10

 SWEET
 CORN—Hybrids—Stowells
 .10

 SWEET
 CORN—I aana
 .10

 SWEET
 CORN—Open-Pallinated
 .05
 \$.75 1.20 1.00 .45 . 15 .25 .60 Lb. \$.20 Oz. 4 Oz. 8 Oz. POP CORN—(3 lbs. far \$.55)......Pkt. \$.05 \$.10 .20 \$.50

Market Gardeners Ask For Quantity Prices

HAMILTON SEED & COAL COMPANY

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

HALF DWARF IMPROVED — Firm, thickset balls—1½ inches in diameter. Plants 20 to 24 inches apart. 70 days. Large pkt., 10c.

CABBAGE

Yellows Resistant Varieties

MARION MARKET—Large, firm, round heads, used for early kraut. A development from Copenhagen Market. 7 inch, 4 pound heads. 75 to 80 days.

WISCONSIN ALL SEASONS—Mid-season all-purpose variety, slightly coarser than standard All Seasons. 10 to 12 inch, 9 ta 10 pound heads. 90 to 95 days. WISCONSIN HOLLANDER No. 8—Late, excellent for winter storage and kraut. Similar to Hollander and Danish Ball Head. 7 to 8 inch, 7 to 9 pound heads. 100 to 110 days.

Standard Early Varieties

COPENHAGEN MARKET — Excellent, early short season type. Short stems, $6\frac{1}{2}$ inch, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 lb. heads. 68 to 70 days.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD—Pointed heads, small and firm. Earliest pointed variety. Plants compact for small garden planting. 62 days.

GOLDEN ACRE—Extra early Copenhagen type. Dwarf plants, with small round solid, 6 inch, 3 pound heads. 63 to 65 days.

Intermediate Varieties

CHARLESTON OR LARGE WAKEFIELD—Heads 8 in. high and 7 in. broad at base; weight about 41/2 lbs. each. Very desirable for home or market. A sure cropper and heavy yielder. 103 days.

MIDSEASON MARKET — Large round head. Splendid variety to fallow one of the Earlies.

Late or Winter Varieties
DANISH BALL HEAD or HOL-LANDER — A widely used late type. Deep, round, hard, compact heads, 7 to 8 inches, 6 to 7 pounds. Tender and crisp, fine for kraut. 100 ta 105 days. PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH
—Extremely large flat heads, 61/2
to 7 inches deep. High quality,
10 to 11 inch, 9 to 11 pound

heads. 95 to 105 days.

IMPROVED AMERICAN SAVOY

—Flattened globe, medium large, interior leaves crumpled. Very

Red Varieties

satisfactory. 85 days.

MAMMOTH RED ROCK—Best of the red cabbages. Hard, round, purplish-red heads. Good keeper. 6 to 8 inch, 7 to 8 pound heads. 100 days.

CHINESE CABBAGE

CHIHILI or IMPROVED PEKIN—Dependable, early heading. Solid, tapered heads, 3 to 4 inches thick, 18 to 20 inches long. 75 days.

CARROTS

CHANTENAY, RED CORED — A thick stump-rooted carrot, slightly tapering. Deep orangered flesh. One of the best for market or canning. 72 days.

DANVERS HALF LONG—Sweet, tender roots, 6 to 7 inches long, tapering to a blunt point. Fine for storing. 75 days.

LONG ORANGE—Heavy crapper. Roots taper to a point. Redorange flesh, core slightly lighter. 88 days.

NANTES IMPROVED CORELESS
—Excellent for forcing. Tops
small, roots bright orange, blunt
ended. Flesh reddish orange, and
practically coreless. 70 days.

OXHEART—Broad, stocky, heart-shaped; 4½ to 5 in. long. Good table carrot when young; used for stock feed when mature. Especially adapted to clay soils. 75 days.

CAULIFLOWER

DANISH GIANT or DRY WEATHER — Excellent creamy white heads. Later than Early Snowball, but larger. 6 to 8 inches. 67 days. Large pkt., 10c. SUPER SNOWBALL — Favorite early variety. Pure white compact heads of fine flavor, 6 to 7 inches. Large packet, 10c.

CELERIAC

GIANT SMOOTH PRAGUE— (Turnip rooted celery.) Smooth, spherical roots, 2 to 3 inches thick. Fine flavor.

CELERY

GIANT PASCAL — Late variety for winter use. Large plant with dark green leaves. Big solid stalks that blanch to yellow white. 135 days.

GOLDEN SELF BLANCHING, DWARF—Compact plants with yellowish-green foliage. Broad solid stalks with nutty flavor, Blanches readily. 120 days.

WONDERFUL or GOLDEN PLUME — Early, medium plant with compact, full heart. Blanches easily to golden yellow. 112 to 115 days.

SWEET CORN, HYBRIDS

We offer hybrid sweet corns for the home vegetable garden in individual varieties and also in blends. The blends include a properly balanced mixture of various hybrid strains, selected for their respective maturities. Plant these blends and enjoy ample yields all through the sweet corn season—early and late.

8-row Blend—A mixture of several hybrids well suited to growing conditions in this territory, and delivering early, intermediate and late yields.

12-row Blend—Another excellent mixture, of large eared corn, and suitable to this vicinity-moturing early, intermediate and late. IOANA HYBRID-12 to 14 row, yellow, somewhat similar to Bantam Evergreen, but more vigorous, resistant to lodging, stands heat and drought. Ears uniform and cylindrical, 8 in. long. Midseason variety wilt resistant. (See page 4 for illustration.) Pkt., 15c. STOWELL'S EVERGREEN HY-BRID - A very valuable hybrid with large uniform white ears, 9 to 10 in. long. 16-18 rowed.

SWEET CORN Open-Pollinated

GOLDEN COLONEL — Golden yellow, shoe-peg shaped kernels arranged irregularly without row formation on ears 7 to 18 in. long. Tender and sweet. Excellent for home garden and market. 90 days. Large packet, 10c.

GOLDEN BANTAM IMPROVED

One of best garden favorites.
Deliciously sweet when well tended. Large ears. 10 to 14 rows.
80 days. Large packet, 10c.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—White. Large ears about 8 in. long; big kernels, very sweet. One of the best late varieties. Large packet, 10c.

BANTAM EVERGREEN — Also known as Golden Evergreen. A cross of Golden Bantam on Stowell's Evergreen. 14 to 18 rows. Deep, rich golden kernels, tender, sweet. Large pkt., 10c.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN or SHOE PEG—Prolific late variety. Favored by canners. Irregular kernels, very deep, slender and sweet. 93 days. Large pkt., 10c. EARLY EVERGREEN — Earlier than Stowell's Evergreen. Very sweet, tender kernels, free from husky tips. An excellent table corn. 90 days. Lorge packet, 10c.

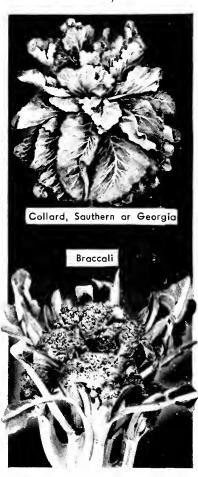
POP CORN

JAPANESE HULLESS HYBRID—A dwarf white sort of very high popping test, huskless and tender.

SOUTH AMERICAN or DYNA-MITE—Large, late yellow variety with golden kernels, creomy white when popped. 12 to 16 rows. Ears 8 inches.

COLLARD

SOUTHERN or GEORGIA — An excellent cooked green. Long stemmed plant, with clustered leaves. Withstands heat and bad soil. 24 to 36 days.



CRESS

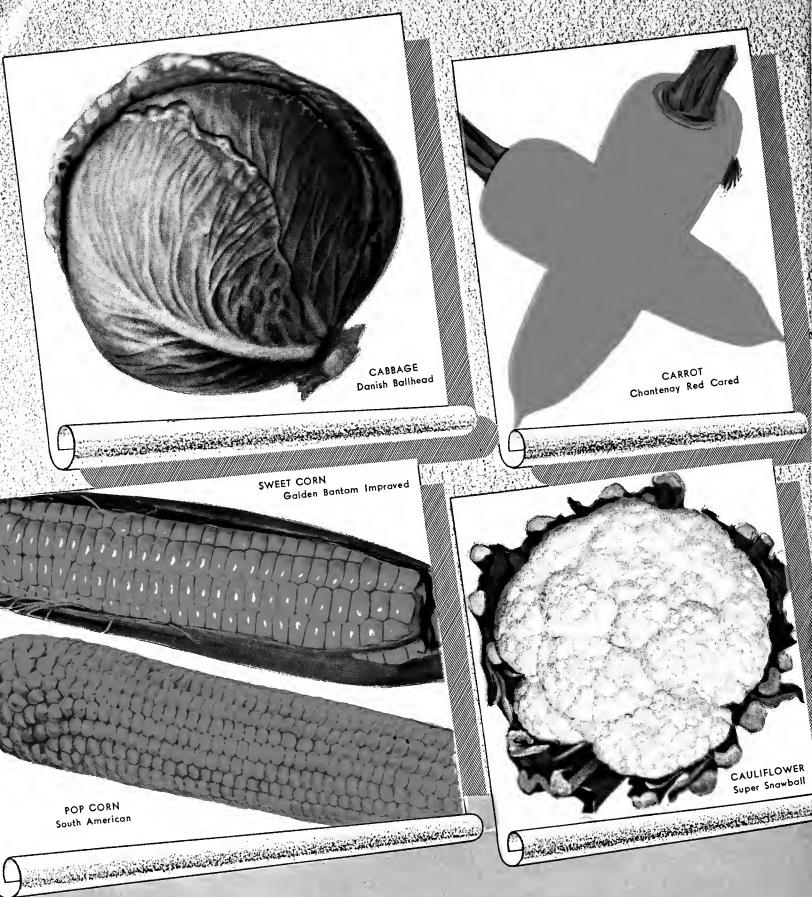
CURLED or PEPPER GRASS—Grows very quickly. Use for flavoring salads, for garnishing, or as a green in sandwiches. Has an agreeably pungent taste. Best if used when young. 40 doys.

CUCUMBER

STRAIGHT EIGHT, w. s. — Unsurpassed as slicing cucumber. All-America Selection. $2^{l}/_{2}$ pound fruits, rounded at ends, medium green. 68 days.

EARLY FORTUNE — Desirable slicing variety extensively grown for shipping. Very dark green. 66 days.

NATIONAL PICKLING—Straight, symmetrical fruits, 6 in. long. Superb for small pickles, very uniform. 50 days.



Growing Data

SWISS CHARD—A beet that is grown for its leaves and chords, or stolks, but not its roots. When the outer leaves ore picked the others continue to grow, assuring a supply of tosteful greens thraughout the summer ond fall. The ribs may be served creamed like osparagus, the leafy port like spinach. Thin ta 10" opart in the row. Ready for first picking in 50 to 60 doys.

MANGEL (or Stock Beet)—Cheop ond nutritious winter feed for stock; the doiryman's friend. Plant 6 lbs. per acre in drills 5 or 6 seeds per foot, thinning later to 9" oport, or broadcost 15 to 20 lbs. per acre. About 110 doys to moturity. Store in pits.

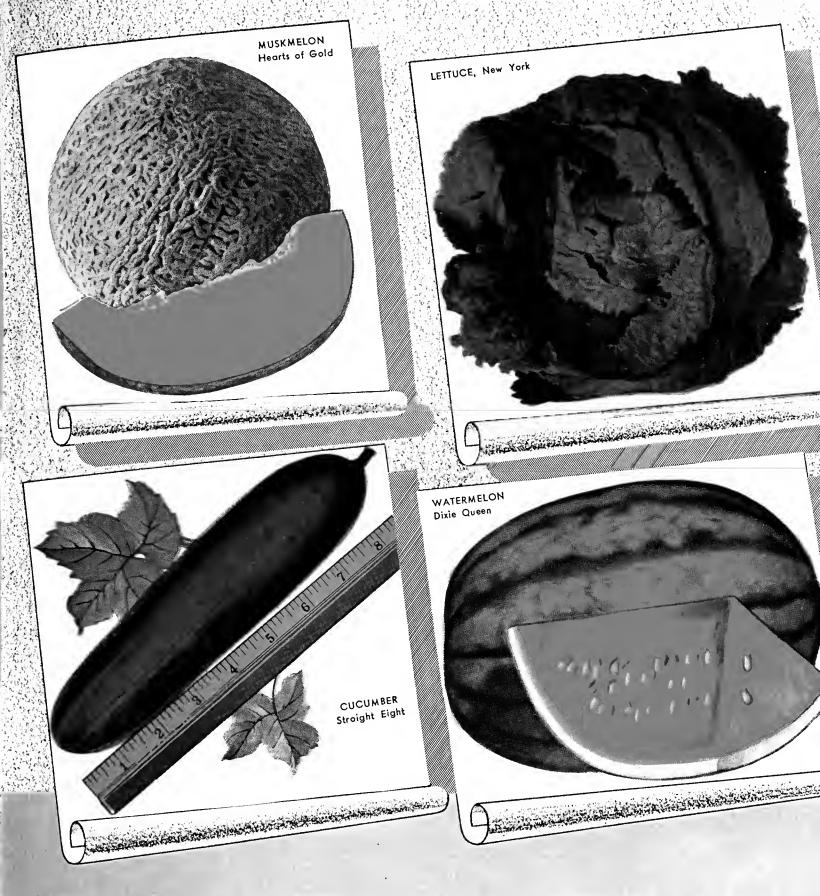
BROCCOLI—A delicious toble vegetable, increasing greatly in populority. Cultivate as for cobbage.

CABBAGE—The earliest cabbages ore started under glass and transplanted when 4" to 6" high, into rows 2 to 2½ ft. apart with 18" between plants. Later, larger sarts need o little more room. Eoch ounce of seed should produce obout 3,000 plonts and on ocre of cobbage will contoin 12,000 to 15,000 plonts.

Few crops pay back the cost of fertilizing as well as cabbage. Use a good commercial fertilizer that can be applied before planting—and your crop will richly repay your efforts and expenditure.

CHINESE CABBAGE—Also known os Celery Cobboge, though it is not o true cabbage and grows more like o cos lettuce. It motures in 70 to 80 days and plonting shauld be timed to ovoid heoding during hot weother, in which it bolts to seed. Thin to 12" to 16" in rows. Tie up the outer leoves to blanch.

CAULIFLOWER—The couliflower is a member of the cobboge fomily and should be similarly cultivated. To blanch the head, the auter leaves shauld be loosely gothered round it and tied.



CARROTS—A light deep sail is best, preferable fertilized the previous seasan, atherwise enriched with old manure; new manure and lack of cultivatian lead to split and craaked roots. Saw a successian of plantings in rows 14" or more apart, thinning out later to 2" to 3" between plants. Allow one ounce of seed for 200 ft. of row; 3 lbs. for an ocre. Cultivate throughout seasan to assure straight, smooth roots. For winter storage, saw about mid-June to make full size roots before cold weather.

Far excellence of flavor you want young, tender carrots—and to get them you must have rich soil that will develop the roots fast. Slaw growing, ald carrots are only fit far stock feed.

CELERY—Celery is usually begun in cald frames, as the seedlings da nat thrive in temperatures below 45°. A well pulverized and fertilized seed bed is essential, kept maist, but nat wet. Saw in raws 4" apart, allawing ane level teaspaanful af seed ta 6 ft. af raw and dust aver with finely sifted sail mixed with a little zinc axide ta prevent damping aff. When seedlings are well started thin aut ta 3" apart and when 6" high transplant ta a rich field, setting in dauble raws 3 ta 3½ ft. apart with 8" between dauble raws and 4" ta 5" between plants. Blanching is then usually dane by baards ar heavy paper strips placed an either side af the raws. Where sail is used far blanching, the crap is set in single raws samewhat wider apart.

SWEET CORN—Carn should be planted anly in warm, well warked sail, either in raws ar hills. Raws shauld be $2\frac{1}{2}$ ta $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. apart depending an the size of the variety, planted 4 or 5 seeds per faat, and thinned aut later ta 9" ta 12" apart. Hills shauld be abaut 3 ft. apart, sawn with 5 ar 6 seeds, ta be thinned aut ta 3 ar 4 plants per hill.

Carn is much better far table use if it is gathered while very young. With a little practice, the praper stage far harvesting can be determined. This is shartly after the "milk stage," when the silks are dry and black, and the husk leaves have an appearance of maturity. If the ear feels plump and firm when grasped, it is generally ready.

Cucumber (Cont'd.)

BOSTON PICKLING — Medium dark green; 6 to 7 in. long; only slightly tapered. 60 days.

EARLY WHITE SPINE—Medium dark green, slightly tapering to blunt ends; 6 in. long, $2^{1}/_{2}$ in. thick. Very popular for home gardens. 60 days.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN—Standard late variety. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ pound deep green fruits. 12 to 13 inches. 70 days.

GHERKINS—For very small pickles. Distinct from cucumbers. 3 to 4 ounces, pale green, covered with prickly spines. 60 days.

EGGPLANT

BLACK BEAUTY — Large, eggshaped, smooth, very dark purple fruits. Keep well. Plant bears 4 to 5 fruits. Early. 80 days. IMPROVED LARGE PURPLE— Each plant yields 4 to 6 large

Each plant yields 4 to 6 large oval fruits of dark purple; flesh firm and meaty. Very popular. 80 days.

ENDIVE

BROAD LEAVED BATAVIAN—A fine winter salad material. Leaves toothed and twisted. Plants 16 inches in diameter. Compact heart, blanches to creamy white. 90 to 95 days.

LARGE GREEN CURLED (Pink Ribbed) — Outer leaves bright green, midribs tinged with rose. Center leaves blanch readily, making attractive salad material. 95 days.

FENNEL

FLORENCE FENNEL or SWEET ANISE—The plants are 30 to 36 inches tall. Broad overlapping stalks form a bulb-like enlargement at base of stem. Very sweet, and frequently used as celery.

KALE

DWARF GREEN CURLED — A hardy sort, large and very attractive bright, deep green. 100 days.

TALL GREEN CURLED SCOTCH
—Hardy, curled, deeply cut
light green leaves. Tender after
frost.

KOHLRABI

WHITE VIENNA EARLY—8 to 10 inch leaves on slender stems. Bulbs 2 to 3 inches, globular, light green. Crisp, tender, clear white flesh. 55 to 60 days.

LEEK

LARGE AMERICAN FLAG—An early, popular variety, with thick, long white stems. Leaves large and drooping, medium green.

LETTUCE Heading or Cabbage

BIG BOSTON w. s.—Popular for cold frame forcing and outside culture. Medium, compact heads with creamy yellow heart. Smooth,

with creamy yellow heart. Smooth, glossy leaves, edges wavy, and slightly tinged with reddish brown. 75 days.

CRISP AS ICE—Firm, well-blanched head, delicate buttery flavor even under somewhat adverse weather conditions.

NEW YORK—Large heads, well blanched, sweet and tender. 80 days.

Loose Leaved Varieties

GRAND RAPIDS b. s.— Erect, compact, plants. Light green, broad, heavily fringed leaves. For forcing, or early planting outside. 43 days.

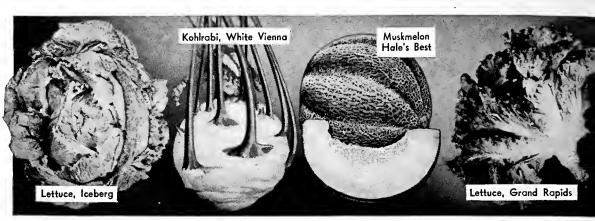
HONEY ROCK or SUGAR ROCK — Round, 4-pound fruit. Grey-green skin, coarse, sparse netting. Orange-salmon, thick flesh, fine flavor. 85 days.

OSAGE—Thick, sweet, salmon flesh of finest quality. Dark green fruits, medium size, nearly round. 92 days.

MUSTARD

MUSTARD SPINACH or TENDERGREEN—Wholesome, quickgrowing green, combining mustard and spinach flavors.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED LONGSTANDING — Large, frilled and crumpled. Light green leaves.



PRIZE HEAD w. s. — Early non-heading sort. Medium sized plants, crisp and tender. Color light brown on a medium green base. Leaves frilled at edges, and crumpled. 47 days.

SIMPSON'S EARLY CURLED w. s.—Also called Early Curled Silesia. Early, hardy and dependable. Non-heading. Leaves large, frilled, crumpled, and light green that form a compact bunch at center. 45 days.

BLACK SPEEDED SIMPSON — Light green, frilled and crumpled.

CHICKEN — Produces largest amount of leaves of any lettuce. Fast growing. For poultry and rabbit feeding.

Cos or Romaine

WHITE PARIS or TRIANON w. s.

—Medium large self-folding, dark
green leaves, forming loaf shaped heads. Greenish-white, well
blanched interior. 66 days.

MELONS

Muskmelon and Cantaloupe

ROCKY FORD — Fruits small, rather large seed cavity. Nearly round, weigh 21/2 pounds. No ribs, heavily covered with hard grey netting. Flesh thick, green, with gold tinge at center. Juicy, spicy, good quality. 92 doys.

BENDER'S SURPRISE—Improved Surprise, similar to Tip Top. Coarse netted, 7 pound, oblong fruit, distinctly ribbed, hard greenish-yellow skin. Flesh bright salmon. 95 days.

HALE'S BEST Na. 36—Outstanding early oval fruit, light ribbed, heavily netted. Thick, salmonorange flesh. Sweet. 80 days.

HEARTS OF GOLD or HOODOO — Nearly round 2 pound fruit, distinctly ribbed, deep green with fine grey netting. Thick, deep salmon flesh, tender, sweet. 94 days.

Watermelon

HARRIS' or COLE'S EARLY— Very productive. Medium size, short and oval. Alternate dark and light green stripes. Tender rind, black seed, pink-red flesh. 20 pound. 75 days.

KLECKLEY'S SWEET—Large, cylindrical, dark bluish-green, with thin, tender rind. Bright red, juicy, sweet flesh, creamy white seeds with traces of brown. 85 days.

STONE MOUNTAIN—Also called Dixie Belle. High quality shipping variety. Fruits very large, oval-round, blunt ends. Dark green, tough rind. Flesh rich scarlet, fine grained, sweet. Seed white with black tips.

TOM WATSON — Outstanding red heart strain. Large fruit, uniform, cylindrical, with tough, elastic rind, faintly veined.

DIXIE QUEEN — Very prolific. Bright red, crisp, splendid quality fibreless flesh. Very few small, white seeds. 85 days.

OKRA OR GUMBO

DWARF GREEN—Early, prolific dwarf growing sort. Dark green, fluted, 5 to 7 inch pointed pods. 50 days.

PERKINS MAMMOTH—Medium early, productive. Meaty, slender, tapered 7 to 8 inch ribbed pods. 56 days.

WHITE VELVET—Early and prolific. Pods pale greenish-white, 6 to 7 inches long. Meaty, tender. 6 doys.

ONIONS Yellow Varieties

PRIZETAKER — Large, globe shaped bulbs, with glossy, thin straw-colored skin. Coarse, mild flesh. 102 to 104 days.

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE—Globe shaped, medium to large bulbs. Solid, rich yellow, tough clinging skins. Creamy white flesh. 114 days.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS— Medium late, hardy. Good cropper, fine for storage. Medium large, firm, solid, round bulbs. White, slightly yellow toned flesh. 112 to 114 days.

PRICES of Vegetable Seeds listed on this page (LARGE PACKETS 5c UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

Prices Subject to Market Changes

	Oz.	4 Oz.	8 Oz.	Lb.
CUCUMBERS (Cont'd) — Improved Long Green	\$.20	\$.50	\$.90	\$1.50
this page	.15	.40	.70	
	1/2 Oz.	Oz.	4 Oz.	LЬ.
EGGPLANT	\$.20 .10	\$.35 .15	\$1.00	
FENNEL Pkt06	.10	.20		
KALE	.10 .10	.20 .15	.35	
LEEK	.10 .10	.15	.35	
COS OR ROMAINE	.10	.15	.35	\$.75
WATERMELON	05	.10	.25	.65
MUSTARDOKRA OR GUMBO		.10 .10	.20	
ONIONS—On this page	.10	.20	.60	

Market Gardeners Ask For Quantity Prices

HAMILTON SEED & COAL COMPANY

SWEET SPANISH—Large, globeshaped, exceptionally mild and sweet—excellent for eating raw or boiled. Light yellow skin and pure white, firm, crisp, and tosty flesh. 112 days.

EBENEZER — Large, somewhat flattened. Leading variety far onion sets.

Red Varieties

RED WETHERSFIELD — Popular, good keeper, used extensively for sets. Medium large, flat bottomed bulbs with sloping top. Purplish-red. Fine grained flesh, firm, slightly flushed with pink. 100 to 102 days.

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE — Finest of all red onions. Perfectly round, good sized bulbs with thick, small necks. Skin is deep purplish red, and the strong flavored flesh is white tinged with pink. Good keeper, productive. 112 to 114 days.

White Varieties

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE— Best of the whites. Mediumsized, round, solid white bulbs fine, thin skin. Waxy white flesh, mild and fine grained. Keeps well in fall. 110 to 112 days.

WHITE PORTUGAL or SILVER-SKIN—Excellent flat variety. Dependable cropper, excellent for sets, for green bunching, or as a pickler. 100 to 102 days.

WHITE BUNCHING—Grown exclusively for green onions. Does not form bulbs. Long white stems.

MOSS CURLED or TRIPLE CURLED—Compact, dark green leaves, curled and fine-cut, resembling moss. Fine for garnish.

PEAS

Early and Second Early

TETON—Large, straight, bluntended pods. Very early, large wrinkled seed, fully wilt-resistant. (See page 4 for illustration.) Large packet, 10c.

ALASKA — Wilt resistant. Used for canning and early home garden. Blunt, straight, light-green, 3 inch pods with 6 to 8 good quality small peas. Plants 32 inches. 60 days. Large pkt., 10c.

A MERICAN WONDER or NOTT'S EXCELSIOR—The old favorite. Dark green, fairly coarse vine. Single and double pods, light-green, straight and blunt, medium sized peas, wrinkled, largely square. 12 to 14 inch vines, 2¾ inch pods. 61 days. Large packet, 10c.

LAXTON'S PROGRESS—Medium dark green vine, 16 to 18 inches. Single pods almost an inch wide and 41/2 to 5 inches long, with 7 to 9 large peas. 62 days. Large packet, 10c.

LAXTONIAN — Exceptionally choice and prolific. Dark green, rather coarse vines, producing straight pointed, well-filled 2½ inch pods. Large packet, 10c.

LITTLE MARVEL — Outstanding dwarf. Fine quality, large yield. Single and double, dark green,



Muskmelon, Hearts of Gold

Peas, Laxton's Progress

Pepper, Pimento

ONION PLANTS

Sturdy, hardy plants that come to you all ready to set out. Ask for lowest prices.

ONION SETS

The quickest way to get onions early. We offer choice, select, dry sets, of the highest quality. Plant as soon as soil can be worked. (Prices on application.)

EBENEZER or JAPANESE.

WHITE.

RED. YELLOW.

PARSLEY

HAMBURG ROOTED — Deeply cut, plain leaves. Edible roots, thick and fleshy, 10 to 12 inches long. Used for flavoring.

3 inch pods—blunt, plump, well filled with 7 to 8 medium sized, light green tender peas. 62 days. Large packet, 10c.

PREMIUM GEM, Improved — New and resistant to wilt. Darkgreen 20 to 22 inch vine. Single and double 2¾ inch pods, straight, round, light-green, blunt. 6 to 7 good quality, medium sized, wrinkled green peas. 64 days. Large packet, 10c.

Later Varieties

TELEPHONE — Fine, large podded, for all uses. Resists wilt. Dark green, coarse 40 inch vine. Single, broad, plump pods, 4½ to 5½ inches—straight, darkgreen, pointed. They contain 8 to 10 highest quality, large, wrinkled, light green peas. A top quality variety. 74 days. Large packet, 10c.

PRICES of Vegetable Seeds listed on this page (LARGE PACKETS 5c UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

Prices Subject to Market Changes

	1/2 Oz.	Oz.	4 Oz.	Lb.
ONIONS (Cont'd)—Sweet Spanish				
and White Varieties	5.15	\$.25	\$.75	
tiesPkt0	5 .10	.20	.60	
ONION SETS AND PLANTS—Prices	.10	.20	.00	
on Application—				
PARSLEYPkt0	5 .10	.15		
PARSNIPSPkt0	5 .10	.15	.30	
	1/₂ Lb.	Lb.	3 Lbs.	
PEAS	5 \$.15			
PEAS—TetonPkt0	5 .18	.30	.80	
•	Pkt.	1/4 Oz.	1/2 Oz.	Oz.
PEPPER - Harris Early Giant, Ruby Kin				
World Beater, Bull Nose, Long Red Cayen		e ir	6 25	e 40
Red Chili, California Wonder		\$.15 .10	\$.25 .20	\$.40 .50
PEPPER—Fordhook		.20	.30	.50
	Oz.	4 Oz.	8 Oz.	Lb.
PUMPKIN—Field VarietiesPkt. \$.0		\$.20	\$.35	\$.60
PUMPKIN—Pie VarietiesPkt0	5 .10	.25		.75
RADISHPkt0		.10	.25	.40
Market Gardeners Ask For (Quantity	Prices		

HAMILTON SEED & COAL COMPANY

DWARF TELEPHONE or DAISY
—Prolific, resists wilt. Vines about
2 feet, but otherwise resembles
Telephone. 79 days. Lorge
packet, 10c.

STRATAGEM, Improved — Wilt resistant. Stocky, deep green, branching vine, 26 inches. Single and paired pods, 4½ inches, almost round, straight, pointed, dark-green with 8 to 10 fine succulent peas. Large, wrinkled, green seed. 79 days. Large packet, 10c.

Edible Podded or Sugar Varieties

MAMMOTH MELTING SUGAR — Wilt resistant. Coarse, light-green vine, 54 inches. Single 41/2 inch pods, broad, indented, light, blunt, stringless, without fiber, fleshy. Contain 7 peas. Seed large, round, creamy-white. 74 days. Large pocket, 10c.

PARSNIP

HOLLOW CROWN or GUERN-SEY—The most generally grown kind. Roots $2^{1}/_{2}$ to 3 inches thick at shoulder, 12 to 14 inches long, uniformly tapered, hollow crowned. 95 days.

PEPPERS

FORDHOOK—Very large, early, prolific variety of rich green color, turning to crimson. Bears fruits in clusters of 5 to 7, with shiny skins and thick meat. (See page 4 for illustration.) Pkt., 15c.

PIMENTO — Excellent for canning or stuffing. Smooth, heartshaped, very thick flesh. 73 days.

HARRIS' EARLY GIANT—Early; like Bull Nose but larger and longer. 63 days.

CALIFORNIA WONDER — Outstanding, medium late. Uniform, deep-green fruit, changing to crimson. Smooth. 75 days.

RUBY KING — Abundant, tapering fruit, dark-green changing to ruby-red. 69 days.

WORLD BEATER — One of the best large peppers. Glossy-green, changes to bright red. Mild, very sweet, thick flesh. 75 days.

BULL NOSE or LARGE BELL—Early favorite. Small, productive plant. Blunt fruit 3 by 2¾ inches. Deep green to scarlet red. Ribs pungent, flesh mild. 64 days.

LONG RED CAYENNE—The hot favorite. For canning, pickling, drying. Pungent flavored fruit, tapering and twisted. 70 days.

RED CHILI—Low, spreading, 18 inch plant. Extremely pungent fruit. Erect, conical. 82 days.

PUMPKIN

CONNECTICUT FIELD — Large fruit with flat ends, 15 to 25 pounds and up to 15 inches. Surface, slightly ribbed, deep orange. Thick flesh, orange-yellow, sweet and coarse. 118 days. KENTUCKY FIELD or LARGE CHEESE — Dull orange, large ribbed fruit. Coarse, deep yellow flesh, good flavor. 120 days.

SMALL SUGAR or NEW ENG-LAND PIE—Desirable for pie or general use. Round, flat end fruit, deep orange. Thick, yelloworange flesh. 118 days.

STRIPED CUSHAW — For stock feed. Crook-necked, 11 pounds, white and green striped, thick, coarse yellow meat. 112 days.

WINTER LUXURY or PIE—Early, resembling Small Sugar but larger. Flat ended, 9 to 10 inches, 7 to 8 pounds. Thin, netted, orange-yellow skin. 100 days.

RADISH

CRIMSON GIANT—Large round, I to 1½ inches. Deep crimson roots. Very crisp and tender for its size. 28 days.

EARLY SCARLET GLOBE, MEDIUM TOP — Globular, slightly elongated, bright scarlet. 24 days.

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIPPED — Carmine red with white tip. Flesh white, crisp and mild. 26 days.

FRENCH BREAKFAST — Roots thicker toward bottom, 1½ inches long by ½ to ¾ inches. Dull scarlet, white tipped, 25 days.



Growing Data

CANTALOUPE AND MUSK-MELON—Plant 6 or 8 seeds in hills

MELON—Plant 6 ar 8 seeds in hills about 6 ft. by 6 ft., ar drill in raws, 4 ta 5 ft. apart when the sail is warmed. Thin aut ta 2 ar 3 plants per hill when grawn ta 4". Allaw 3 ta 4 lbs. per acre.

CUCUMBERS—Usually planted in hills 4 to 5 ft. apart; 6 or 8 seeds per hill, thinned out to 3 or 4 plants when grown to 6" or 8". The hill method of planting allows early cultivation in both directions, but many growers prefer drills spaced 4 to 5 ft. apart, with the plants 18" to 36" apart. One aunce will saw 100 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. an acre. Fruits should be removed when they reach the picking stage; if left

ta ripen an the vines the yield will be decreased.

The best sail far grawing Cucumbers is warm, sandy laam—especially if it has a slight southward slope.

EGG PLANT—Requires laase, fertile sail and will not thrive in clay. Saw in hotbed or flats and transplant with the least passible disturbance of the roots, when 3" high, setting the plants 2½ to 3 ft. apart in raws 3 to 4 ft. apart. Allow one ounce for 1,500 plants.

LEEK—Used in saups, stews and salads ar creamed. Saw early in raws 16" apart, thinning the plants later ta 4" ta 6" apart. When cultivating, draw the sail up around the plants ta blanch them.

LETTUCE—Lettuce daes nat stand hat weather well, but is nat harmed by mild

frosts; the earliest sarts can therefore be transplanted in the first weeks of spring and the later sarts sawn 1/4" deep in the apen then. Rich and well-prepared sail is advisable, as the plants must be grawn quickly. Maisture and tharaugh cultivatian are also required. Allaw 1/2 az. per 100 ft. of raw; 3 lbs. per acre.

MUSTARD—Saw in raws 18" apart, allawing ane aunce of seed to 200 ft. of row. Leaves are usually large enough for marketing in 30 days.

ONIONS—The anian is a heavy feeder and, far well-shaped, fully developed bulbs, demands a rich and finely warked sail. It is a hardy plant and seed may be sawn early in raws 15" apart. Thin aut the seedlings ta 3" ta 4" and cultivate frequently ta keep dawn weeds.

Radish (Cont'd.)

LONG SCARLET, SHORT TOP — Smooth, 5 to 6 inch roots, dark scarlet. Small taps. 27 days. WHITE ICICLE—Tapering roots 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches, very white with pure white, mild flesh. 27 days.

Fall and Winter Varieties ROSE CHINA WINTER-Popular, very distinct winter sort. Good far late salads. Cylindrical blunt, smooth, bright rose-red. Flesh white, very firm and pungent. 52

WHITE CHINA WINTER—Roots large, 8 inches long, $2\frac{1}{2}$ ta 3 inches in diameter. Cylindrical with heavy shoulder. Flesh white, crisp, rather mild. 60 days.

SPINACH

BLOOMSDALE SAVOY, LONG STANDING—A few days later than regular Bloomsdale Savoy. Holds from 12 to 14 days longer. 42 days.

IMPROVED OR GIANT NOBEL —Large, vigorous, spreading plant, slow ta form seed stalks. Extremely heavy yielder. Very large, thick, smooth, deep green, tender leaves. 45 days.

KING OF DENMARK - Exceptianally long standing, large plants. Broad, dark-green leaves, samewhat crumpled. Excellent for spring planting. 46 days.

NEW ZEALAND-Thrives in dry. hot weather. Can be picked repeatedly all season. Not a true spinach but similar when cooked. 70 days.

SQUASH

Summer Varieties

EARLY PROLIFIC STRAIGHT-NECK — Earlier, smaller, and more productive than Giant Summer Straightneck, and more unifarm. Brilliant yellow. Fine for home or market. (See page 4 for illustration.) Packet, 10c.

EARLY WHITE BUSH SCALLOP -Fruits greenish when young, become white at maturity. 3 inches lang, $7\frac{1}{2}$ to $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide.

GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK —Pralific, bush type plant, curved neck fruits around 4 to 5 lbs., 20 to 24 inches long. 4 to 5 inches diameter. 56 days.

ZUCCHINI—Straight, cylindrical fruit, 3 to 4 pounds, 4 to 5 inches through, 10 to 14 inches lang. Mottled and striped greencream-grey. Very firm, delicate flavared flesh. Bush type. 60 days.

Fall and Winter Varieties TABLE QUEEN or DES MOINES

- Acorn-shaped, green, deeply furrowed; flesh rich yellow, dry, mealy, delicious. Convenient size far baking and serving in halves. 100 days.

BUTTERCUP—Unique and attractive shaped. Green skin with stripes and spots of gray. Thick arange flesh, dry and sweet. Good keeper. 100 days.

CHICAGO WARTED HUBBARD -Large fruit, rough dark green skin. Bright orange flesh, fine est varieties. Spreading large grained, rich and dry. 120 days. vines. Solid, fine flavored, pink,

GOLDEN DELICIOUS MAR-ROW - Fruit is reddish-orange with green tip, 7 pounds, 8 inch diameter, 10 to 12 long. Flesh golden-orange, thick, sweet and dry. 100 days.

ACORN—Ribbed, acorn shaped fruit, smooth, thin shelled, dark green. Light yellow flesh bakes well. 58 days.

TOMATOES

STOKESDALE-An extremely important new development. Smooth, 7-oz. fruit, brilliant color, exceedingly solid flesh and small seed cavities. Matures in the secondearly group, a full week earlier than the Marglobe group. Usually ahead of Bonny Best, too and 2 ounces heavier. (See page 4 for illustration.) Packet, 10c.

BREAK O' DAY — Resistant to wilt and nail-head rust. Plant light, of open, spreading habit, with medium foliage. Early and very prolific. Rich scarlet medium large, globe-shaped fruits. 70

BEEFSTEAK-Rich scarlet-red extra large fruits, more or less ribbed. Juicy, solid, with rich sub-acid flavor. One of the best for home use. 90 days.

NEW STONE—Large, flat, deep, smooth, scarlet fruits, of fine quality. 86 days.

EARLIANA — Open, spreading, medium small vines. The bright red fruits run to medium size. This seed is selected for thick, smooth fruit. 66 days.

BONNY BEST-Second early variety, valuable for canners. Medium vine, not very hardy. Medium-sized, apple-shaped, solid fruits, bright scarlet. Start indoors and set out after all danger of frost is past. 73 days.

GREATER BALTIMORE - Midseason variety. The vines are large, vigorous, and open. Fruits medium-large, flat, fairly solid and firm. Deep scarlet. 82 days.

MARGLOBE — Moderately productive, with heavy foliage. Vigorous, and resistant to wilt and rust. Fruits medium large, nearly round, smooth, and solid. Deep red. 77 days.

PRITCHARD—A cross between Marglobe and Cooper's Special, developed by U. S. Department of Agriculture. Large, solid, smooth, round fruit, with thick walls. Rather light scarlet. 73 days.

RUTGERS—Second early variety. Large, thick stems, vigorous foliage. Fruits similar to Marglobe but flatter at stem end. Bright red, with thick walls. Red, firm flesh, low acidity. 72 days.

GOLDEN QUEEN—The leading, maincrop large yellow variety. Good for juice and for home gardens. The fruit is a deep golden yellow color, and vines medium large. Very mild flavor, smooth and solid 84 days.

PONDEROSA—One of the larg-



with small seed cells. Somewhat rough and flat. Have a tendency to crack. 88 days.

Small Fruited STRAWBERRY or GROUND CHERRY — Sometimes called Golden Husk. Not a true tomato. The small, round, yellow fruits have a delicate flavor and are used as preserves. Vine flat and spreading. 86 days.

YELLOW PLUM - Oval plumshaped fruit for preserving. 73 davs.

RED CHERRY — Fruits small, round; rich deep red. For preserves, pickling and decorative purposes.

TURNIPS

White Fleshed Varieties POMERANIAN or LARGE WHITE GLOBE—Principally for stock feed. Large tops, globe shaped roots, slightly flattened, and smooth. 4 to 6 inches across. Weigh 4 to 8 pounds. 75 days. PURPLE TOP MILAN—Very early. Flat purple-topped roots of mild flavor. 42 days.

PURPLE TOP. STRAP LEAVED-Medium early good cropper. Flat, shaded purple on top. Tender, fine grained flesh. 46 days. PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE-All purpose variety. Large, sweet tops. Smooth, globe-shaped roots, purple-red above, white Sweet, tender, below.

white flesh. 55 to 60 days.

Yellow Fleshed Varieties
GOLDEN BALL or ORANGE JELLY—Small, erect tops. Round roots, 3 to 4 inches, smooth and deep yellow, slightly bitter. 60 to 65 days.

Foliage Turnip SHOGOIN of JAPANESE FOLI-AGE—18 to 20 inch bright green tops, strap leaved. Roots white, mild and tender.

Rutabaga or Swede Turnip AMERICAN PURPLE TOP—Hard and productive. Tender, firm, light yellow, sweet. 88 days. SWEET PERFECTION WHITE-White-fleshed variety, desirable for table use. Yields better than vellow varieties.

New!

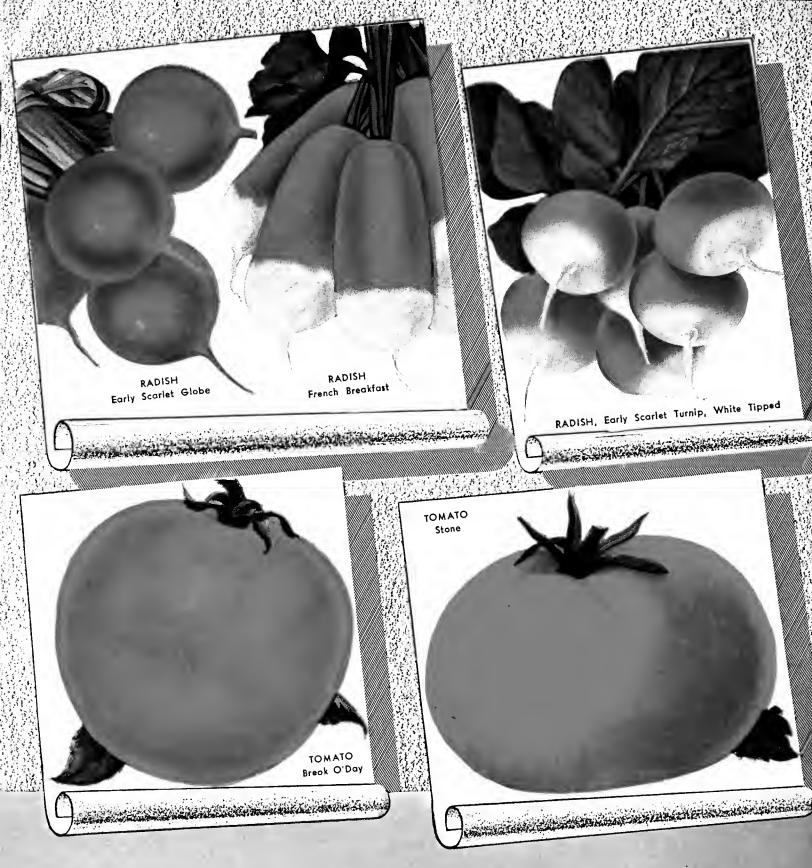
SIX NOTABLE **DEVELOPMENTS** IN VEGETABLES

Varieties that are good news to every gardener! The very latest prize winners!

See page 4

PRICES of Vegetable Seeds listed on this page (LARGE PACKETS 5c UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

Prices Subject to Market Cl	nanges		_	
	Pkt.	Oz.	4 Oz.	8 Oz.
RADISH-(Cant'd)	\$.05	\$.10	\$.25	\$.40
KADISH-(Cant a)	Ψ.05		Ψ	Ψ
SALSIFY	.05	.15		
SPINACH—Blaamsdale Savay Lang Standing,				
King of Denmark		.10	.20	.30
		.15	.30	
SPINACH—New Zealand		•13	.50	
SQUASH-Early White Bush Scallap, Giant				
Summer Craakneck, Table Queen, Acorn,				
Galden Deliciaus Marraw, Chicaga Warted	1			
Galden Delicios marian, omeaga maria	.05	.10	.25	.40
Hubbard,				•
SQUASH—Zucchini and Buttercup, Early Pro-			25	
lific Straightneck	05	15	.35	.55
	Pkt.	Oz.	4 Oz.	Lb.
TURNIP	\$ 05	\$.10	\$.20	\$.55
TURNIP	.05	.10	.25	
RUTABAGA OR SWEDE TURNIP	03			¼ Lb.
	¼ Oz.	1/2 Oz.	Oz.	74 60.
TOMATO — Earliana, Rutgers, Prit-				
chard, Break O'Day, Marglabe Pkt. \$.05	\$.10	\$.15	\$.30	\$.90
Chara, break O bay, Margiabertt Kar viss	4 · · · ·	•		
TOMATO-Strawberry, Yellaw Plum,	.15			
Red Cherry, Galden QueenPkt05	.15			
TOMATO—Greater Baltimare, Bonny				-
BessPkt05	.10	.15	.25	
TOMATO—Panderasa, Beefsteak	15	.25	.45	1.25
TOMATO—Fullderusu, Deersteak		.30	.50	1.50
TOMATO—Stakesdale				
Market Gardeners Ask For Qu	antity	Prices	A > 1 3/	



Growing Data

PARSLEY—The seed should be soaked and planted early in rows 12" to 18" apart. Thin to 8" to 12" apart. One ounce will sow 200 ft. of row. To have parsley for winter use, dry the leaves until they are crisp; then rub them down into powder, and keep bottled.

PARSNIPS—Parsnips require the whole seasan to mature and should therefore be sawn early, in raws 18" to 24" apart. The sail must be well warked. A few radishes are frequently sown at the same time. Thin out 3" to 4" apart. Frast impraves the roats. Allaw one ounce to 200 ft. af raw.

PEAS—Peas are coal weather plants and should be sawn just as soan as the ground can be worked. The early, small, smaath-

seeded varieties should be planted first; the large, wrinkled-seeded sorts, which are sweeter and of better quality, are not so hardy and should be sown when the ground is a little warmer. While peas make a better showing an poor sail than mast garden craps, it pays to prepare a good seed bed, properly enriched. Allow 2 to 3 lbs. per 100 ft. of dauble raw; 2 bushels per acre. Plant 2" to 3" deep in 8" dauble raws, 2 ft. apart for the dwarf sorts, 3 ft. for the tall. Cultivate regularly and provide the tall sorts with brushwood or other support. Cammercial growers have found it highly profitable to run a strip of fertilizer alongside the raws about 3" away from the growing plants.

The garden pea is rich in nutritiaus values, cantaining vitamins A, B and

For increased yield, INOCULATE! Garden peas, like all legume craps, will almost always benefit by inaculatian. Bath quantity and quality of the crap are increased when the beneficial nitragen-fixing bacteria are present in sufficient numbers.

The cast of inaculating garden peas is anly a matter of pennies. Peas should never be planted without it.

PEPPERS—Peppers are usually started in a pratected seed bed. Transplant when 4" high ta raws $2^{1}/_{2}$ ft. apart with 2 ta $2^{1}/_{2}$ ft. between plants. Cultivate regularly ta keep dawn weeds, drawing the sail up around the stems, and hoe in a light dressing af fertilizer when the plants are 7" ta 8" high. Da not plant hat peppers near sweet; they are apt ta crass.

Vegetable Grower's Guide

Vegeuwe	
Depth Approximate	SPECIAL NOTES
Seed pistance between apart in row (inches) of row	Mulch to prevent heaving of roots in winter. Early planting can be followed by Fall vege-
of raw 1	Early planning
Beans, Bush 1/2 lb. 2410 30 3 to 6 11/2 to 2 4 to 6 qts.	I Plant 6 seeds por 1
Beans, Lima. 1/2 lb. 24 to 38 6 to 8 1 1/2 to 2 5 doz. roots	deeply die
Reets	Never allow growth to become checkes
Cabbage 14 oz. 16 to 24 20 to 24 1/2 8 to 10 lies 24 20 to 24 20 to 24 9 doz. stalks	Needs plenty of water.
Caulinower 1/8 oz. 24 to 40 4 to 6 1/2 1/2	Sow at same " Livetion makes of
Collards 3 oz. 34 to 40 6 to 8 40 ears Corn, Pop 4 oz. 30 to 42 9 to 12 1 40 ears	When picking, cut stells, ment hoeing.
Corn, Sweet . 1/2 oz. 48 to 60 12 to 36 1/2 to 74 30 to 40 frui	its Needs 1015 of the plants into cone shape. To bleach, tie plants into cone shape. Control during July for Fall use.
Egg Plant 18 to 24 8 to 12 12 20 plants	Quite hardy. Quite hardy. A thinned out to stand a foot apart.
Kale 1/2 oz. 14 to 24 4 to 6 1/2 20 heads	Plant in mindow boxes in Spinis
Kohirabi 1/4 oz. 12 to 18 36 to 60 3/4 1/2 1	
Mustard 14 oz. 14 to 2 34 3 to 4 34 10-20 lbs.	Till top soil frequently and keep
Onion (for Onion (for 12 to 14 thinned 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	Better flavores very slowly.
sets) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ts. of pods Do best in cool weather, the straight to be best in cool weather the straight to be best in cool weather.
Parsley	O fruits When storring, white varieties.
Peppers 2 oz. 96 to 110 60 to 32 1/2 10 to 1	Plant short rows offen. Plant short rows offen. Plant short rows offen. For extra crop, sow in paper pots indoors.
Radish	For best results
Squash, Bush . 1 oz. 40 to 60 36 to 40 1/2 60 to	plant 80 roots Crowding or weeds make poorly flavored: Need fertilizer high in nitrogen and potash.
Turnip 1/2 oz. 12 to 96 72 to 96 4	
Watermelon . 1/2 02.	

RADISHES—For well-shoped rodishes the ground should be thoroughly pulverized and enriched with fertilizer. Fresh manure must not be used. First sowings ore mode very early, os the rodish is hordy, and successive sowings up to hot weather. To avoid pithiness the crop should be grown quickly and pulled promptly when mature. Rows are 12" to 15" aport and sown 1/2" deep, allowing one ounce to 100 ft. of row or 10 to 12 lbs. to the ocre.

The secret of getting crisp, delicious radishes is quick growth. So use plenty of plont food in the soil where they are plonted.

All through the plonting seoson, o succession should be sown every 10 doys, so that you may have plenty of mild, tender rodishes for relish and salods all through the seoson.

SPINACH—Sow in rows 12" to 24" opart, depending an the method of cultivotion, thinning later to 6". Foll sown seed will give on early spring crop and oll should be cut before hot weather. Sow ogain in August or September for a fall crop. Allow 2 aunces to 100 ft. of row; 15 to 25 lbs. to on ocre.

TURNIPS—For summer greens or raots sow early in drills 12" to 15" opart for hand cultivotion; 24" oport for horse cultivation, and press the soil down firmly. Thin out when the plonts hove grown to obout 1" high. Sow again in the summer for foll ond winter use. Allow one ounce for 100 ft. of row, 2 to 3 lbs. per acre.

TOMATOES—Saw in hotbeds or indoor flots, using fresh soil. Keep the young plants free of insects and about 6 weeks later when danger of frost is post, tronsplont to reasonably rich soil, setting the plants 3 to 4 ft. opart. Various methods of stoking and training the vines are in use and the grower should study these and adopt the one best suited to his acreage. One ounce will make 1,500 to 2,000 plants and 5,000 to 6,000 plants are needed to set an acre.

WATERMELONS—Allow one ounce for 40 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. per ocre. Da nat plont seed of unknawn origin; you can get better, surer results fram seed that has been grown for seed purposes by expert growers.

FIELD SEED

ALFALFA — Selection of Alfolfa seed is most important. The highest priced seed is often the cheapest. Remember that the loss on a poor stond is much greater than the difference in cost of the seed.

We carry a full range of alfalfa varieties suited to the needs of this territory.

Inoculotion is necessary. Inoculation means putting or planting in the soil, nitrogen-fixing germs or bacteria without which the Alfolfo connot flourish. Even though the soil has had previously inoculoted crops, the introduction of vigorous, additional bacterio is vitally necessary for moximum results.

CLOVER, WHITE or DUTCH — A low, close growing clover; very desirable for beautifying lowns. Will stand close cutting. Usually better to sow with other grasses.

CLOVER, MEDIUM RED — The most voluable of the Clover family. Mokes two crops the second yeor. Does not exhaust the soil, but enriches it.

CLOVER, SWEET, WHITE BLOSSOM — Most abundant growth of any of the Clovers. Mokes a posture earlier than other crops and will keep stock in good condition until winter regardless of heat and drought. Use to build up worn out fields.

CLOVER, ALSIKE OR SWEDISH — Very hardy. Does better on moist lond thon other varieties of Clover. Suitable for hay or posture. When sown with other grasses, forms o thick undergrowth and greatly increases the yield. Frequently sown both with Medium Red Clover ond with Timothy, and the quality of hay thus produced is excellent. Finer and more leafy than Medium Red Clover and cattle prefer it.

FESCUE, CHEWINGS — Of particular value for sandy soils; does well in shade. FESCUE, SHEEPS — Grows naturally on light, dry, sandy soils and mountain postures; quite valuable mixed with ather grasses for permonent early spring pasture.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS — This makes the best, sweetest and most nutritious posture for all kinds of stock. Very hordy, and is uninjured by cold or dry weather, hot sun or tramping of hoofs. Roots are so thick and stout that they form a tough sod. Requires two years to get well started, so is often sown in mixture with other grasses.

ORCHARD GRASS — Hardy, quick-growing. Gives a large yield of excellent hay. May be cut several times during season. Not recommended for lawn use.

POA TRIVIALIS — One of the finest grosses for shady places. Does best on medium soils.

RYE GRASS, PERENNIAL — Very nutritious; voluable for meadows or permonent pasture. Rapid growth. Drought resisting.

RYE GRASS, DOMESTIC — Fost-growing one-year grass. Makes a full crop, yields abundantly, and matures all in one season. Helpful as a nurse crop to other arosses.

RED TOP — Valuable for moist rich soils. A good variety to sow with Timothy and Clover and is more permonent thon either. Should be fed close.

RAPE, DWARF ESSEX — Unequalled as a pasture for sheep, and as fottening foods for all livestock.

SUDAN GRASS — The ideal emergency hoy and posture crop for lote plonting. Never plant until ground is thoroughly wormed.

TIMOTHY — Unsurpossed as a crop for hay. Relished by all kinds of stock, especially horses. Not suited for permanent pasture

SOY BEANS — One of the most voluable crops. As a hay crop, Soy Beans are higher in protein content than Clover and equal to Alfolfa. Excellent for siloge grown with corn. Do not plant too early.

BENT GRASS, ASTORIA — A comparatively new and distinct kind of grass that spreads from underground stolks. In rich soil produces an unusually deep, rich green turf.

FIELD CORN

HYBRID ond OPEN-POLLINATED — A good range of varieties and strains, selected and recommended by leading authorities and experimental stations as being the ones to plant for this territory.

SEED POTATOES

Our seed potataes ore strictly certified stack, especially selected on their record of success in this district.

A HAWKEYE field means a bumper yield



For 71 years, Hamiltons have been processing Midwest farm seeds for Midwest farmers.

You can DEPEND on farm seed from Hamilton's store ... or from any one of the 1500 HAWKEYE BRAND Dealers who are served by the Midwest's oldest seed house.

Hamilton's
HAWKEYE
FARM SEED

LAWN

BEST LAWN MIXTURE—Our selected lown mixture is the very finest combination of high quality seeds . . . a marvelous mixture that years of experimenting has praved to be safe and sound. It produces a lawn that is like a carpet of green velvet . . . smooth, even, and thick. All the grasses in it are fine-bladed and deep-rooting.

SHADE MIXTURE — Wherever shade makes it difficult to obtain a good lown, our special shade mixture is heartily recommended. Excellent quality, shade-enduring grasses and clovers . . . blended into a mixture that will give surprising results.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS—Produces a deep dark green lawn of close, thick turf. Roots are deep, and plants very hardy.

WHITE CLOVER — Very desirable in lawn mixtures because of its rapid, low growth and creeping stems. Valuable os o green cover for poor ground. Very hardy.

CHEWINGS FESCUE — Widely used for putting greens, fairways and tees. Very hardy, produces thick, durable turf, even under unfavorable conditions.

ROUGH STALKED MEADOW GRASS (Poa trivialis) — Fine for shady ar moist places. Leaves flat and light green, very dwarf growing. Does best on medium soils.

RED TOP — Stands wet weather and overflowing for even two to three weeks. Holds well during summer if cut often.

SEASIDE CREEPING BENT — Mokes a thick, dense turf on heovy, sour soils. Unexcelled for fine lawns and putting greens,

RYE GRASS — A rapid grower, valuable in lawn mixtures demanding quick effect. Not long lasting. Does well on moist soils.

LAWN SEED PRICES

Prices Subject to Market Changes

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS: 1 lb. \$.30; 3 lbs. \$.85; 5 lbs. \$1.40; 10 lbs. \$2.75.

WHITE CLOVER: 1/4 lb. \$.35; 1/2 lb. \$.60; l lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. ...; 10 lbs.

CHEWINGS FESCUE: 1 lb. \$1.00; 3 lbs. \$2.90; 5 lbs. \$4.75.

ROUGH STALK MEADOW GRASS: 1 lb. \$,75c; 3 lbs. \$2.20; 5 lbs. \$3.50.

RED TOP: 1 lb. \$.25; 3 lbs. \$.70; 10 lbs. \$2.25.

RYE GRASS: 1 lb. \$.15; 3 lbs. \$.40; 10 lbs. \$1.25.

SEASIDE CREEPING BENT: 1 lb \$1.25; 5 lbs. \$5.75.

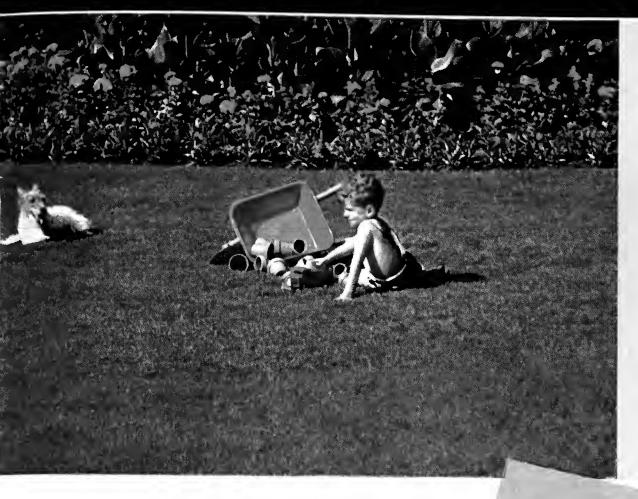
HAWKEYE LAWN MIXTURE: 1 lb. \$.35; 3 lbs. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$3.25.

HAWKEYE SHADE MIXTURE: 1 lb. \$.45; 3 lbs. \$1.10: 10 lbs. \$4.25.

HAMILTON SEED & COAL CO.

GRASS SEEDS FOR EVERY SITUATION AND GROWING CONDITION

AND GROWING CONDITION



Does your lawn need a doctor?

It's our business to know all about LAWNS - their troubles, their ailments, and how to cure them.

Especially the lawns of this territory! Long experience has taught us how to diagnose all the types of lawn trouble and how to prescribe the remedy.

So -

Just bring your lawn troubles to us. Our experience is at your service.

Plain Facts about Lawn Care

The way to success in lawn-building is often found in the answer to these four simple questions: FIRST—is the soil too heavy or too light? SECOND-does it have enough of the right kind of soil food and humus? THIRD—does it get and keep enough water? FOURTH—does it get enough seed, of the right kind?

It's not difficult to find the answer to these questions — or to remedy the troubles they reveal. A heavy soil, one which is predominantly clay, can be lightened by the oddition of sand and humus, which should be well spaded in. A light soil can be improved by adding a top dressing of a heavier soil, or by the addition of humus in the form of peat moss or grass cuttings. Food deficiencies are best taken care of by an application of one of the commercial plant foods.

An early start pays

Start working the soil as early in the spring as possible. Grass seed will not be damaged by any weather condition except standing water, and the earlier it gets started the more sturdy the seedlings will become before the weeds germinate. Plant food should be applied before seeding, and at the rate of about ten pounds to one thousand square feet of area.

The seed may be sown by hand, or with a spreader. Distribution should be made in two directions, one at right angles to the other to decrease the possibility of leaving bare spaces. Do not skimp on seed, either in quality or distribution, for seed is the cheapest part of your lawn making opera-

tion. A heavy seeding insures a dense turf during the early life of the lawn and acts to check the introduction and development of weeds. Apply about one pound of seed to each two hundred square feet of lawn. When seed has been applied, brush into the soil by dragging some light, flexible object, such as a sack, over the soil. After the seed is brushed in, and not before, roll it to bring the soil particles in close contact with the seed.

Thirsty lawns can't thrive

The life and beauty of a lawn depend upon how much water it gets and retains. As almost every lawn is different, the amount of water needed and the measures taken to retain moisture will differ. For instance, a lawn that tops a rise in ground and is unshaded, will need considerably more attention than one in a hollow, or surrounded by trees.

For the lawn which dissipates its moisture, there is no better remedy than an application or applications of peat moss. Peat moss is noted for its ability to retain moisture and keep the soil particles loose and friable. It can be used in two ways; either spaded into the soil to loosen and lighten it, or spread on the surface as a soft

Selected for your home section BY SEEDSMEN WHO KNOW THE EXACT NEEDS OF THIS TERRITORY

> moisture-retentive. Apply peat moss to a depth of at least half an inch on the surface, depending upon conditions. A full inch may be spread in some cases, and where a very heavy clay soil must be loosened, even more is desirable.

Get the moisture down deep!

Eliminate the word "sprinkle" from your vocabulary so far as lawns are concerned. Say "water the lawn", and mean it, for moisture must penetrate deep into the soil if it is to be of benefit. A sprinkling which moistens only the top soil encourages shallow roots, which will be exposed to dry and cracking soil with the first hot weather. Peat moss and thorough watering will prevent this.

Defeat weeds with SEED!

The best way to eliminate weeds is to concentrate on growing the best possible grass. If the lawn is well fed, and watered throughout the season, the turf will be too dense to encourage weeds, and will smother them should they get started.

GARDEN TOOLS



Our garden tool display includes all the old reliables and many interesting, modern new devices.

We carry garden tools of the finest quality — and the economy grades too. This store is garden supply headquarters. For months we have been carefully gathering tools and materials for every phase of gardening. The list that follows is only a partial one.

Whatever you need for the garden, let us know. You may be sure we can supply it.

FOR AMERICA'S FINEST GARDEN CUTTERS remember the name "WISS." They do the job faster and with less effort. Models and sizes for every purpase. J. WISS & SONS CO., Newark, N. J. — 92 years of American Craftsmanship.

WISS GRASS CLIPPERS WITH NEW "GRIP-GUARD" — This model has GRIP-GUARD" — This model has vertical-action handles and horizontal-action blodes — works equally well with either hand — prevents cromping, too.

WISS SHOCK-PROOF HEDGE SHEARS — Beautifully 1 --SHEARS — Beautifully balanced — and a clever built-in Shock Absorber that takes the jolt and saves your arms. High-carbon crucible steel blades.

WISS HY-POWER PRUNER — More power to you — when you use these pruners. You get terrific leverage and a drow-cut action that shears off -cut action that shears off branches with ease. Finest sizable bran cutlery steel.



CULTIVATORS

Adjustable Hand Cultivators The spread and number of teeth are odjustoble. 5-tooth and 3tooth sizes.

Garden Cultivators — 5-prong. full length hondle. 3-prong, medium long hondle.

Midget Cultivator Weeder -Short handle. 3 small prongs.

FORKS

Spading Forks, Long Handle -Preferred by some gordeners, saves stopping.

Spading Forks — Heavy best grade steel tines, wood D-handle. Also second quality forks, smaller and lighter.

Manure Forks — Six tines, iron D-hondle; Also four tines.

GRASS HOOKS OR SICKLES

We have a selection of the finest imported and American mode gross hooks. Several styles. Highquality extro blades.

GARDEN HOES

Solid Steel Garden Socket Hoe — 6 or 7 inch blodes.

Solid Steel Garden Shank Hoe. Light Weight Steel Hoe - Especiolly designed for women. Fine tempered steel that holds its edge.

Square Top (or Onion) Hoe. Weeding Hoe — One prong or two prong.

Steel Scuffle Hoe — A very proctical weeder and mulcher. See us for every kind of hoe to make gordening easier.

KNIVES

purpose.

Budding Knives.

Budding and Propagating Knives – 2 blodes.

Propagating Knives.

Pruning Knives.

RAKES

One-piece Forged Steel Garden Rake — Forged from one solid piece of steel. Well balanced. Ideal for gardening. Curved, 14 tooth or 16 tooth. Also other steel rakes, various sizes, straight or curved teeth.

Wood Lawn Roke.

Steel Broom Rake — Flat teeth, flexible spring steel.

Bamboo Broom Rake—Very light, though durable. Handy for raking leoves, etc.

SPADES

D-Handle Spade — Light weight, extra quality. Also economy grade. Long Handle Spade.

SHOVELS

Round Point, D-Handle Shovel. Round Point, Long Handle Shovel. Square Point, D-Handle Shovel. Square Point, Long Handle Shovel.

Floral Shovel — A light shovel, suitable for planting shrubbery, transplanting, digging bulbs, etc. labor-soving tools.

TURF-EDGERS

Finest quality knives for every Indispensible for keeping lawns neot and trim. Several styles.

Grass Shears — Forged steel, full polished with tempered edges.

Grass Shears — Trowel shonk with rubber handle.

Grass Sheors — Offset hondles to prevent striking knuckles when trimming close to wall.

Flower Gathering Shears-Snips and holds in one motion. A very clever tool. Also for light pruning.

Hedge Shears — 8-in.; 9-in.; 10-in.; Good quality steel.

Pruning Shears — 7-in. ta 10-in. sizes. Also lang hondled models. Lopping Shears — 20-in. or 27-in. long. Capacity cut.

TROWELS

We have the finest trowels of European and American manufocture.

Socket Garden Trowel - Drop shank pattern. Will outlost several of the cheaper trowels.

Transplanting Trowel - Norrow tempered steel blade, with wood handle.

 and a good assortment of other potterns and grades.

WEEDERS

All types of approved weed cutters and pullers. See these handy

GARDEN SUPPLIES

PLANT STAKES AND **SUPPORTS**

Perennials in the flower garden, tomato plants, peas, beans and many other plonts need proper supports. See our time-saving, low priced, plont supports.

Tomoto or Peony Supports — Made of heavy golvanized wire. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. to 6 ft.

Wooden Stakes — Pointed or notural. Heavy Grode for Dahlias; Light Grade for smaller plants. 18 inch to 6 foot.

Bamboo Stakes — Pointed or natural color. 11/2 ft. to 6 ft.

TWIST-EMS

Now plants moy be tied to stakes much more easily. Twine, roffio or other binding materials have been replaced by the handy "Twist-Ems" which fasten plont to stake by a simple twist of the wrist.

PLANT LABELS

For trees, pots and gardens. Tree Labels — Copper wired.

Heavy Wood — For use outside. Will last for years. Splendid for perennial plants.

All Metal Markers — Non-rusting. Good for a lifetime of service.

Wooden — For pots, pointed. 4 inch to 12 inch.

HOTKAPS—Patented wax paper cones — guard plants against frost, wind, rain, insects, etc., by completely covering them. They mointoin a perfect mulch around each plant.

VITAPANE — The new flexible glass substitute. For hot and cold bed frames, plont protectors, storm windows, poultry houses, etc. It posses the sun's ultraviolet rays; is readily cut with ordinary shears, any shape you want. Eosy to fasten with tacks to window frames or woodwork.

FLORALIFE THE FOOD FOR CUT FLOWERS



ADDS 3 to 5 DAYS MORE LIFE TO CUT **FLOWERS**

—helps cut flowers live longer— no need to change water or recut stems daily. Used and approved by flower lovers and florists everywhere. It's so easy! Just add original and genuine FLORALIFE to water TRY FLORALIFE on our recommendation—10c per pkg.
Also Bulk size far home and hos-

pital use, to make 50 qts.—\$2.50.

EARTHENWARE FLOWER POTS

We carry a complete line af earthenware flawer pots and flower pot saucers. 2 to 12 inch sizes; also bulb pans.

FLORALIFE — The new food for cut flowers — will actually keep cut flowers fresh and lovely from 3 to 5 days longer. Not anly prolongs life, but also prevents color fading — retards wilting maintains fragrance. Easy to use, and economical. Just add Floralife to the water, and your flowers will stay lovely much longer.

GLOVES

Protect your hands—wear gloves in your garden! Canvas, leather and rubber gloves, all especially suited to garden use.

WATERING CANS

Best grade of galvanized iron, very strong. Long spouts make them very desirable for flawerbed use. Equipped with fine and coarse nozzles. 4 at. to 12 at.

French Style — Oval. 6 qt. to

New Streamline Tall Type.

GARDEN HOSE — Our moulded hose is made strong and durable and will last for years. Cheaper in the long run than low priced

SPRINKLERS AND HOSE NOZ-ZLES - See our complete line.

TREE WOUND PAINT - An antiseptic, penetrating paint to stop tree-bleeding and prevent infection of pruned or damaged portions.

FERTILIZER SPREADERS — Use a spreader to insure the proper distribution. Our spreaders are rugged and dependable.

The NEW Handy Plant Tie

TWIST-EMS'



A twist of the wrist and the plant is tied...no more work—it's a pleas-ure...'Twist-ems' are dark green strong tapes with wire reinforcing that make perfect plant

ties. No twine, raffia or shears needed with 'Twist-ems'. For plants, vegetables and arranging flowers. Box of 125, 8 inch size, 25c; Box of 250, 4 inch size, 25c.

Millions Used for Early Crops

HOTKAPS

Each Hotkap is a small hothouse of waxed paper pro-



frost, hail, wind, birds and insects; increases yield 10% to 25%, ripens crops 3 weeks earlier, hrings premium prices, gar-deners everywhere are using them. Garden pkg. 25 Hotkaps and papier mache setter 50c; 100 pkg, with setter \$2.75; 250 pkg, with setter and tamper \$4.00; 1000 pkg. \$10.75. Postage extra.

FERTILIZERS

ASHES, HARDWOOD --- Valued | because of its high potash content. Contains all of the fertilizer elements except nitrogen. Has a tendency to drive away insects. BLOOD MEAL, DRY - Fine for potted plants, roses, and as a top dressing for lawns. Produces a quick growth.

BONE MEAL — All-purpose fertilizer, rich in the two principal plant foods—nitrogen and phos-phoric acid. Recammended for lawns, garden or general purpose. LIME (Hydrated) — Sweetens sour soil for lawns, and clover. ls used as a reducer and in com-bination of many insecticides; for whitewash, deodorizing.

MURIATE OF POTASH - Improved Potash, once again available, and should be used liberally, especially for all root crops. NITRATE OF SODA — Carries nothing but nitrogen (ammania) -no phosphoric acid or potash. Highly stimulating to lawns, plants or other vegetation.

SULPHATE OF POTASH—Highly recommended for plants requiring acid soil conditions.

Soil testing mode easy for amateur gardeners — It's easy — and inexpensive — to test your own soil with Sudbury Soil Test Kits. They are made especially for the amateur — by the same labaratory which provides Government departments, county agents, agricultural schools, and large professional growers with much of their field testing equipment. With little fuss—and no red tape—you can quickly gauge your soil requirements in respect to nitrogen, phaspharus, potash and acidity. A helpful table of plant needs accompanies each kit.

If your lawn is poor and straggly, do you know whether the cause is excess acidity, insufficient nitrogen, or some other soil deficiency? If you have had garden failures, can you put your finger on the reason why?



PEAT MOSS — Fine for garden mulch, as it conserves moisture. When incorporated in the soil, it promotes growth and supplies humus, which is very essential for growing plants. Fine winter protection for lawns; also as a mulch on strawberry, perennial beds, roses, evergreens, etc.

SUPER PHOSPHATE—Aids plant nutrition and assists the plant to assimulate other ingredients. An efficient fertilizer element for lettuce, truck crops, cereal crops, and alfalfa.

SHEEP MANURE - An economical and effective fertilizer. Excellent for lawns, gardens and general use. A perfectly balanced plant food.

SULPHATE OF AMMONIA -Highly concentrated—quick acting. Very desirable for all plants in which rapid growth or large leaf development is desired.

ALUMINUM SULPHATE - A material used in creating acid soils necessary for successful culture of Azaleas, Rhododendrons, and similar plants.

TOBACCO STEMS—Used as a mulch for roses, asters, lettuce, etc., and for fumigating plants to kill insects.

There's a DIFFERENCE

Try this fomous Peat Moss from the calder Northland countries. You'll oppreciote its greater obsorbency . . . its freedom from "caking" . . . its easy handling. It casts no mare per bale . . . it goes "further." Excessive dust, dirt and fibre removed by Vocuum Cleaning.





Sudbury Soil Test Kit For prize-winning gardens and a perfect lawn

Easy to use. No knowledge of chemistry required. Shaws how to correct harmful acid or alkaline canditians and give plants balanced diet. 50 tests for nitragen, phaspharus, patash, acidity. Complete instructions. Helpful chart.

New Club Model illustrated, \$4.75

Other Sudbury Soil Test Kits from \$2 to \$18.50.

PLANTABBS WITH VITAMIN B₁ FOR PLANTS mean bigger blooms...faster growth . . . sickly plants rejuvenated

The Easy, Effective Way



Enjoy beautiful indoar plants all winter long. Get amazing results with garden flowers, vegetables, fruits and ornamentals. Don't confuse Fulton's Plantabbs with preparations that merely supply Vitamin B₁ (powders, solutions, etc.). Vitamin B₁ is not a substitute for plant foad. Only Fulton's Plantabbs are a complete, balanced PLANT FOOD plus Vitamin B₁ in the proper, effective amount. No odor, no mess, always fresh and potent—ready for use. Simply feed one tablet per plant, every week or ten days. Try, on aur recommendation. In boxes, 25c, 50c, \$1.00, \$3.50.

A fertilizer formula for every soil feeding need. We offer special purpose fertilizers for use wherever a special formula is needed. Knowing the soil conditions and growing problems of this territory as we do, we can prescribe just the

Whether you know the formula you want—or want one recommended especially to handle some situation of your own, be sure to consult us.

• for vegetables

right formula for every case.

- for top dressing
- for flowers
- for potatoes
- for lawns
- for the market gardener

ACME SPRAYING MATERIALS



Acme Rotenone Garden Guard

A sofe insecticide dust, which cantains no arsenic or fluorine campound. The killing ingredient is Rotenone—non-injurious ta humans and warm-blooded animals yet effective both by contact and as a stomach poison against insects. Especially recommended for use on broccoli, cabbage, cauliflawer, Brussels sprouts, string beans, currants, and sweet corn. A favorite of the hausewife far dusting roses and flower gardens. Controls lice, fleas, and mites an dags, cats, birds, and chickens. I lb. sifter carton 35c; 4 lb. 55c; 25 lb. \$3.20; 100 lb. \$12.00.

Acme Emo-Nik

Most yards contoin foliage that is more affected by Scale, Red Spider, and certain other troublesome pests than by Aphis. Here is a camplete contact insect spray combining nicotine in its most active form with Emo, a high quality summer oil emulsion.

Emo, a high quality summer oil emulsion. Recommended for control of Aphis, Mealy Bugs, Red Spider, Thrip, White Flies, Rust Mites, Mildew, certain scale insects and other garden pests. 4½ az. 35c; Pint, 65c; Quart, 95c; Gallon, \$2.50.



Acme Wettable Dusting Sulphur

(An Excellent Chigger Chaser)

improved dusting which can also be used as a liquid spray. Rec-ommended to control mildew, leaf spot, black spot and rust on rose bushes, chrysanthe mums, snapdragons, carnations, ond certain ather foliage; also red ergreen. 98% passes

spiders on evergreen. 98% passes through 325 mesh screen. 2 pound carton, 25c each.

Acme Kopper Queen

(Mildew Spray)

A strong liquid copper spray for the control of mildew, leof spot, and block

control of mildew, leof spot on rose bushes, flowers, and many other kinds of foliage. Stainless, leaves no un-sightly residue to detroct from appear-ance af flowers and ornamentals. Use as a liquid spray replacing liquid spray replacing
Bordeoux Mixture and
Sulphur. 1/2 Pint, 35c;
Pint, 55c; Quart, 90c;
Gallon, \$2.25; 5 Gallons, \$7.50.



Acme Bait-M

30c; Quor lon, \$1.50.

An effective insecticide bait which will throw a pait which will throw a ring of protection around shrubs, flowers and plants in garden and lown. For use agoinst snails, slugs, cutworms, earwigs, sow bugs, grasshoppers and many other insects many other insects which migrate along the ground. 1½ 1b. 35c; 4 1b. 85c; 15 1b. \$2.75.

Acme

Weed Killer

A powerful quick-octing arsenical weed killer for destroying weeds and all plant life on driveways, tennis courts, poths, etc. More widely used, however, in spotting out dandelion, plantoin and other naxious weeds in the lawn by applying a few drops of undiluted Weed Killer to the crown of the

er to the crown of the plant, using a regular weed cane or a squirt-bottom ail can. Pint, 30c; Quort, 50c; Galler \$1.50

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powerful quick-oct-g arsenicol weed kill-

Acme Aphis Spray

An improved nicotine spray combining a soft spray soop with Black Leaf 40, suitable for the control of all kinds of aphis (plont lice), thrip, leaf hopper and many more hardy insects infesting rose bushes, flawers, shrubs, vines, bushes and trees. Mixes easily with any kind of water. Complete directions with every package. 3 oz. collapsible tube, 35c; 12 oz. can, 95c; 21/2 lb. can, \$2.25.

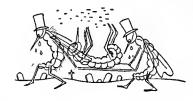




Acme Red River Potato Mix

(Special Formula far Potatoes only). A scientific development combining a new potented copper fungicide with quick-killing arsenic. Kills pototo bugs quicker, drives off flea beetle and leaf-hopper, prevents blight from gaining a foothold, stimulates foliage, making more and better potatoes. Complete control in one operation—at one cost. Use as a dust or spray. I lb. bag, 30c; 4 lb. bag, 80c.

Insecticides and Fungicides



ANT TRAPS—Kill both sweetsand grease-eating ants. Effective and lasting.

ARSENATE OF LEAD - Gives quick action in killing leaf-eating insects. It is safe to use on tender foliage, and sticks well to

BORDEAUX MIXTURE-A standard dry powdered fungicide for curing and preventing black rot, mildew, blight and other fungous diseases.

CALCIUM ARSENATE (Dry)-For chewing insects.

CYANOGAS A-Kills ants, rats, moles, fleas, bed bugs, moths, bats, grape mealy bugs, melon aphis, groundhogs, snakes, and insect pests.

CYANOGAS G — For green-house, bulb, grain, soil, household, warehouse fumigations.

DAWG-GONE - To protect evergreens and keep dogs away, just hang an opened tube of Dawg-Gone (opening down) in the lower branches of trees at the points of approach. (Not necessary to place tube in every tree unless standing alone.) The odor slowly emanating from the open tube will keep dogs at a distance. Replaces unsightly wire screen or mechanical contrivances. Tubes, 25c each.

GRAFTING WAX - Used for grafting. Also good to rub over wounds made on bark, or in pruning.

LIME SULPHUR DRY (Powder) –For dormant spraying of fruit trees, shade trees and bushes for scale, etc.

NAPHTHALENE FLAKES-Used for repelling soil pests such as wire worms, maggots, moles and certain other insects. Protects bulbs against thrips and white

NICOTINE SULPHATE 40% (Black Leaf 40)—Kills aphis, thrips, leaf hoppers and other insects on garden, farm and orchard crops by contact and fumes. Also kills poultry lice.

PARIS GREEN-A poisonous insecticide in powder form. Gives quick control where extreme measures are necessary.

SEMESAN - For bulbs, roots, flower and vegetable seeds. Disinfects seed against many diseases and helps prevent rotting and damping-off. Also effective in controlling brown patch. One oz. treats 15 to 30 lbs. of seed.

SEMESAN BEL—For seed potatoes. Controls such seed-borne disease organisms as scab, rhizoctonia, and black-leg. creases standard yield. One lb. treats 60 to 80 bushels.

SULPHUR, DUSTING-Effective for mildew, black spot and rust on a number of shrubs and flowers.

TOBACCO DUST — Kills aphis and flea beetles.

SPRAY GUIDE CHART FREE

The portroits of gorden enemies, below, will help you to identify mony of the pests you find in your garden. For further help in recognizing them ond knawing how ta combat them, use the famous ACME SPRAY GUIDE—the "gardener's doctor book." This big handy chort brings you oll the information you need to win your battles with garden pests. You may have a copy, free, ot any time, by writing, phoning, or colling at our store.

WARNING! Watch for these Garden Enemies:



Beetle



Sow Bug









Rose Chafer Leaf Hopper









Rose Midge



Mealy Bugs





Mexican





Cutworms

Thrip

Codling Moth Tomato Worm Rose Aphis Potato Blight Illustrations by Courtesy of Acme

your money order special

dication for Domestic Money Spaces below to be filled in by purchaser, or, if necessary, for whom order is intended) First Street S. Cedar Rapids, Iowa (Name of sender) City and State PURCHASER MUST SEND ORDER AND COUPON TO PAYEE (FOR FEES SEE OTHER SIDE) c16-8391

Fees for Money Orders Drawn on Domestic Form

Payable in the United States, including Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the United States Virgin Islands, or in Guam and Tutuila (Samoa); also for orders payable in Antigua, Bahamas, Barbados, Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, British Virgin Islands, Canada, Canal Zone, Cuba, Dominica, Grenada, Jamaica, Montserrat, Nevis, Newfoundland, Philippine Islands, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, and Trinidad and Tobago.

For Orders	From	\$0.01	to	\$2.50	6 cents.
	From	\$2.51	to	\$5.00	
	From	\$5.01	to	\$10.00	11 cents.
				\$20.00	
with the world	From	\$20.01	to	\$40.00	15 cents.
DO A				\$60.00	
0.00				\$80.00	
	From	\$80.01	to	\$100.00	22 cents.

Memoranda of Issuing Postmaster:

If order is purchased through Rural Carrier, he will fill spaces below:

Carrier's receipt No.

Note.-The maximum amount for which a single Money Order may be issued is \$100. When a larger sum is to be sent additional Orders must be obtained. Any number of Orders may be drawn on any Money Order office on any one day.

Applications must be preserved at the office of issue for three

years from date of issue.

Order Blank HAMILTON SEED & COAL CO.

116 First St. S.E.

Cedar Rapids, Ia.

FREE!

Giant packet of unusual ZINNIA LINEARIS

For using this order blank, we will give you FREE one giant packet of Zinnia Linearis. The most unusual of all newer Zinnias is this dwarf variety. Single flowers in a wide range of lovely shades will cover the foliage from early summer until frost. Just send us your order, in the usual way, on this blank, and we'll give you the ZINNIA LINEARIS FREE!

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Conditions and contingencies over which we have no control sometimes prevent even the best of seeds from giving full satisfaction. For this reason, it is impossible for us to guarantee seeds under all circumstances. We take every possible precaution and care to give you the best possible merchandise and service, but in accordance with the regular custom of the Seed Trade, we give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs, or plants we sell, and will not in any way be responsible for the crop.

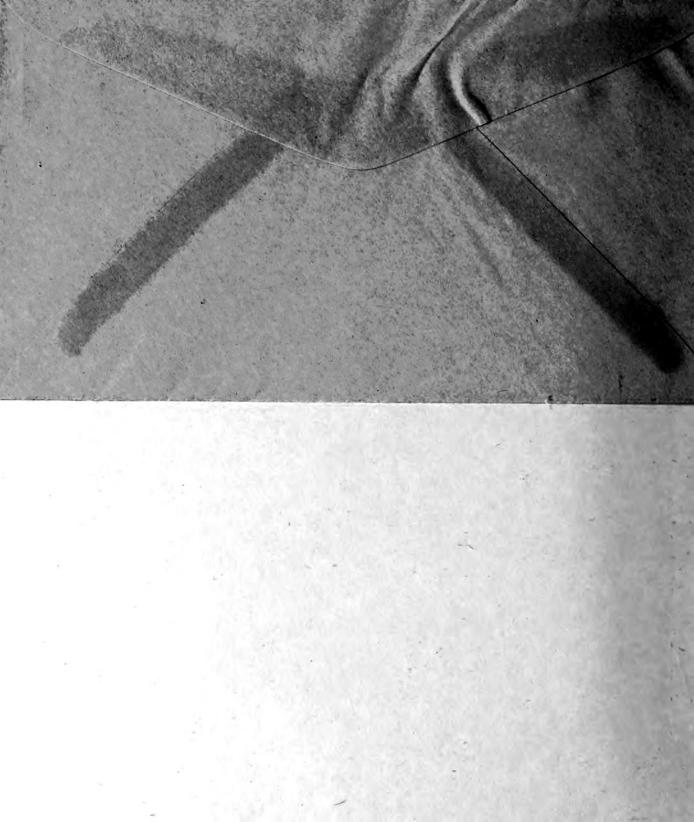
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Address	

Place Stamp Here

HAMILTON SEED & COAL CO.

116 First Street S. E.

CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA



Spraying and Dusting

Garden pests are of three kinds | -(1) insects, (2) diseases, (3) miscellaneous pests.

- 1. Insect Pests-Insects must eat -that is why they consume the growing things in your garden. There are two main kinds: biting insects, and sucking insects. The biters are controlled with stomach poisons placed on the leaves they eat. Suckers get their food from the juices of the plant not the surface, and must be fought with "contact insecticides" which clog their breathing pores or penetrate to their vital organs.
- 2. Plant Diseases—Fungi or bacteria are controlled (just as insect pests are) with spraying or dusting. In some cases, the soil is the communicator of the disease, and must be disinfected. In other cases, the disease may be transmitted by an insect from one plant to another—and the insect has to be controlled.
- 3. Miscellaneous Plant Pests-These include gophers, slugs, snails, squirrels, etc.

Controlling the Pests

The most important part of pest control is prevention. Keep a daily watch upon your plants.
Disease is easy to prevent but
hard to cure. Spray ar dust at the first sign of trauble.

SPRAYING - Sprays adhere to foliage better than dust. Fewer applications are necessary. Spraying can be done under weather conditions, such as light wind, which makes dusting impractical. Less materials are wasted in spraying than in dust-

DUSTING—Less time is required for applying the material than for spraying. Less labor is required. There is less danger of burning tender foliage. Dusting is more efficient in killing aphids that attack leaves of low-growing crops, where it is impossible to force liquid spray against the bodies of the insects.

But whether spraying, dusting, ar a cambination of both is used.



from Crows and all other corn. pulling birds and animal pests.

1/2 PINT - Enough for 1 bushel seed \$.60

1 PINT - Enough 1.00 for 2 bushels seed

1 QUART - Enough 1.75 for 4 bushels seed

gaad equipment should be used.

Thoroughness of application is essential for control. The entire plant must be covered, stems and undersides of leaves as well as the top. To be killed, the insect must be hit by the spray. Partial killing off of pests is of little advantage. They reproduce so fast that unless a thorough job is done, the condition soon reverts to its original state.

That's why you need goad sprayers and dusters—built to do the work thoroughly, and to last.

Cheap sprayers are never a bargain. They do not last and they waste material. They do not give the fine mist necessary to coat economically. They do not have enough force for the use of contact sprays.

Care of Sprayers

Working parts of the sprayer should be kept in good condition. A little oil placed upon the plunger will keep the washer from drying out. If washers wear out or dry out, be sure to come in to our store and get new ones-and don't forget that the nozzle must be cleaned frequently.

Ask Us About Sprayers

Our experience has taught us which sprayers and dusters give best service. Ask us about them! The following list includes only a few of the pest control devices available at our store.

Campressed Air Tank Sprayers
—Open-top or funnel-top; galvanized, brass or copper tanks; 2 to 4 gallon sizes.

Wheelbarraw Type Sprayers— 12 gallon or 18 gallon sizes. Bucket ar Barrel Spray Pumps. Cantinuaus Sprayers — I quart to 3 quart; various types.

EVER GREEN

Non-poisonous Spray

Effective against all kinds of injurious beetles, aphids, worms, cut-worms. Will not injure any plant. Dilute with 100 to 800 parts of water.

Don't Let BUGS **Ruin Your FLOWERS**

Kill them with Red Arrow Garden Spray. It's quick, simple, sure, inex-pensive. Kills insects that harm roses, other flowers and shrubs. Also

REDARROW

ants in lawns. Safe to huants in lawns. Safe to hu-mans, birds, pets, when sprayed. 35c bottle makes several gallons. Easy-to-follow directions on label. Buy Red Arrow Garden Buy Red Arrow Garden Spray. Start spraying as soon as first insects appear.

Ask for free booklet "Garden Insect booklet Control.''

Light Weight Hand Sprayers-For household insecticides.

Heavy Duty Dusters—For truck gardens, small orchards, vinevards, etc.

Garden Dusters-For all-around garden use.

Vitamin B-1 for Plants!

Vitamins—the scientific marvel of the century—have now been found to work wonders with

Science has discovered that Vitamin B-1 does simply miraculous things for plants and flowers. Scientists, experimenting with it, raised 5-inch rose buds; daffodils bigger than a salad plate; snap-dragons six feet tall!

Now Vitamin B-I is available in liquid form, or in handy tablets, combined with plant food. The tablet form is Plantabbs, the popular plant food, which now has Vitamin B-1 added.

Have larger blooms—healthier plants! Ask us about Plantabbs, with Vitamin B-I added.

FUNGICIDE DUST



Sulphur base concentrated dust to control Mildew and Black Spot Used for years by rose growers. I lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 25 lbs., \$6.25; Plus



Harmless. Doesn't show. You don't smell it, but your dog does and keeps oway. Just sprinkle lightly. Protects shoes, rubbers, curtains. Prevents soiling and shedding hoirs on rugs and furniture.

Chaperone

Generous package as illustrated, several months' supply, \$7

HERBICIDE

The ORIGINAL WEED KILLER

Destroys grass and weeds chemically on driveways, tennis courts, etc. Poison ivy and other noxious weeds quickly destroyed. Avoid useless cutting and pulling of tops— "HERBICIDE" kills the ROOTS.

"HERBICIDE" recognized as most powerful chemical weed killer. Very economical -one gallon makes 40 gallons of mixture. We guarantee "HERBICIDE". Accept no substitute—insist on the original— "HERBICIDE".



For Complete Control

HAMMOND'S INSECTICIDES



HAMMOND'S SLUG SHOT

SAFE DUSTING! Insecticide—Fungicide—Use on flowering and vegetable plants. Kills insects yet is not poisonous. Easy and safe to use. I lb., 25c.; 5 lb., \$1.00; 25 lb., \$3.00.

HAMMOND'S LIQUID SLUG SHOT



T

ALL PURPOSE SPRAY - Insecticide - Fungicide for Roses - Complete control for insects and fungus diseases all in one product. Simply mix with water and spray. Controls Black Spot and Mildew. 4 oz., 65c; Half-pint, \$1.00; Pint, \$1.50; Quart, \$2.50; Gallon, \$8.00. Plus postage.

KILL DANDELIONS EASILY-A drop or two of this liquid, applied or spotted on dandelion or plantain kills plant. A can "weeds" an average lawn. Half pint can, 35c. Plus postage.



STABILIZED

OTENON

SECT DUS

FE . EASY TO US

STABILIZED ROTENONE

"STABILIZED" LONGER LIFE - Non-poisonous Rotenone kills both sucking and eating insects. Can be used safely on edible crops. Use on all plants. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lb., 70c; 25 lb., \$3.60; 100 lb., \$14.25. Plus postage.

HAMMOND'S TRIAD - for Roses



PLANT SPRAY-PYRETHRUM-ROTENONE Concentrate - Nonpoisonous. Kills all Insects. 1 oz.

makes 6 gals, spray. No spreader needed—Complete concentrated spray. 1 oz., 35c; 4 oz., \$1.00; Pint, \$2.25; Quart, \$4.00; Gallon, \$12.00. Plus postage.

KEEPS DOGS AWAY-A tube hung on shrubbery repels dogs. Also in liquid form, to be sprayed on ornamentals to repel animals. Large tube, 25c; DOG-SKAT small tube, 15c; 3 oz. Bottle spray, 35c. Plus postage.

Hamilton Seed & Coal Company

116 First Street, S. E.

600 Oakland Avenue

CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA

Sensational QUINTUPLET APPLE TREE

An amazing new development lets you grow 5 different varieties on one tree

Think of it—you can pick 5 different kinds of Apples from the same tree—luscious Red or Yellow Delicious Apples on this branch, tangy red Jonathon on that branch, julcy Weolthy over here and tosty Yellow Transparent over there. A complete orchard of Summer, Fall and Winter Apples on one

Summer, Fall and Winter Apples on one Tree.

There is no guess-work about it for the idea has been corefully tested and we can guarantee the results. In addition to the Quintuplet Apple Trees we can supply Triplets and Quadruplets (3 or 4 varieties) on the same tree. You may prefer the Triplets because you will have a larger crop of each kind.

Special INTRODUCTORY PRICES

Quintuplet Trees (5 varieties) Each \$165 Quodruplet Trees (4 varieties)....Each \$1.25 Triplet Trees (3 varieties)......Each 1.00

For other varieties of Hardy Fruits, see page 18D

Everblooming ROSE

at only \$1 for 6

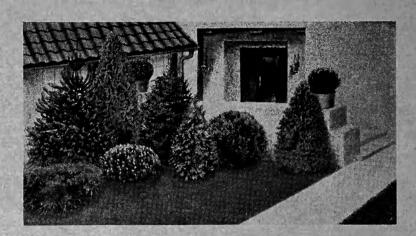
2 Red, I Pink, I Yellow I Multi-colored and I White.

Our selection from the lovely varieties described on page 18B (right hand page of insert color spread). Each bush lobeled. Not sold separately.

These 2 year field grown bushes are not as big as our regular Roses but each will bloom all summer. Unusual value at this

new low price.

No moil or telephone orders occepted for this special feature.



EVERGREENS Choice

A wide selection of varieties that will thrive in this climate. All Northern grown, extra fine specimens. Dug with a large ball of soil to insure vigorous growth.

PFITZER JUNIPER. The best spreading type Juniper. Thrives in sun or shade, under any conditions. May be trained upright. 18" to 24", each \$3.00; 2 to 2½ ft., each \$3.50. CONCOLOR FIR. A gem from the Rocky Mountoins, rarely exceeds 20 ft. in height. Intense silver gray foliage something like Colorado Blue Spruce, but of a softer texture, longer, broader, flotter, with needles more blunt. 2 to 21/2 ft., each \$2.00; 21/2 to 3 ft., \$2.50.

BLACK HILL SPRUCE. Always a little beauty, with its heavy, thick folloge, and its perfect symmetry. Color is a bright glaucaus green, sometimes intense blue. Extremely hardy, easy to establish, maturing at 35 to 40 feet. 2 to $2^{1}/_{2}$ ft., each \$2.00; $2^{1}/_{2}$ to 3 ft., each \$2.75; 4 to 5 ft., each \$4.00.

PYRAMIDAL ARBOR-VITAE.

Formal compact pyromids thickly covered with lacy, bright green foliage, never growing too tall or bushy. Fits perfectly into entrance or foundation setting. 2 to 3 ft., each \$3.00; 3 to 4 ft., each \$4.00.

RED CEDAR (Virginiana). An old favorite and one of the most dependable Evergreens for our climote. Broad base pyramidal habit

mote. Broad base pyramidal habit for specimen or foundation plonting. 2 to 3 ft., each \$2.75.

JAPANESE UPRIGHT YEW (Cuspidata). Handsome indeed are the broad, well filled pyramids, so effectively used as lown specimens. Equally desirable for foundation around and socketies. foundation groups and rockeries. Prefers partial shade. 2 to 21/2 ft., each \$6.00; 21/2 to 3 ft., each \$7.50.

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE. The tree that everyone longs for—with its wonderful covering of silver blue, and its superb form—grace-ful branches cascading in even layers from a tapering crawn to a broad base. Combines complete hardiness with charm and beouty. 18" to 24", each \$4.00; 3 to 4 ft., each \$8.00.

SILVER CEDAR (Scopulorum). A broad base pyramidal Juniper with very attractive silver blue foliage. Very hardy and drouth resistant. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., each \$4.50.

For Shade Trees, see page 18A.

